Zebra[®] ZT400 Series[™]

User Guide



P1066582-002 Rev. B

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Declaration of Conformity

We have determined that the Zebra printers identified as the

ZT410TM and ZT420TM

manufactured by:

Zebra Technologies Corporation 475 Half Day Road, Suite 500 Lincolnshire, Illinois 60069 U.S.A.

Have been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards of the FCC

For Home, Office, Commercial, and Industrial use

If no unauthorized change is made in the equipment, and if the equipment is properly maintained and operated.

Compliance Information

FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- **2.** This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



Note • This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for printers with RFID encoders)

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Canadian DOC Compliance Statement

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

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About This Document

This section provides you with contact information, document structure and organization, and additional reference documents.

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Who Should Use This Document

This User Guide is intended for use by any person who needs to perform routine maintenance, upgrade, or troubleshoot problems with the printer.

How This Document Is Organized

The User Guide is set up as follows:

Section	Description
Introduction on page 11	This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.
Printer Setup and Operation on page 21	This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.
<i>Printer Configuration and Adjustment</i> on page 65	This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.
Routine Maintenance on page 129	This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.
Troubleshooting on page 145	This section provides information about errors that you might need to troubleshoot. Assorted diagnostic tests are included.
Specifications on page 173	This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.
Glossary on page 179	The glossary provides a list of common terms.

Introduction

This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.

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Printer Options

The available printer options are shown in Figure 1. For information about the print modes that can be used with the printer options, see *Select a Print Mode* on page 30.









1	Tear-Off (standard)
2	Peel with Liner Take-Up option
3	Rewind option
4	Cutter option

Figure 1 • Printer Options

Printer Components



Note • The components inside your printer are color-coded.

- The touch points that you will need to handle are colored **gold** inside the printers and are highlighted in **gold** in the illustrations in this manual.
- The components associated with the ribbon system are made of **black** plastic, while the components associated with media are made of **gray** plastic. Those components and others are highlighted in **light blue** in the illustrations in this manual as needed.

Figure 2 shows the components inside the media compartment of a standard printer. Depending on the printer model and the installed options, your printer may look slightly different. The components that are labeled are mentioned in procedures throughout this manual.



1	Media door	6	Printhead-open lever
2	Printhead pressure adjustment toggles	7	Ribbon take-up spindle*
3	Control panel	8	Ribbon supply spindle*
4	USB host port	9	Media supply hanger
5	Printhead assembly	10	Media supply guide

* This component appears only in printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Figure 2 • Printer Components

Control Panel

The control panel indicates the printer's current status and allows the user to control basic printer operation.



Figure 3 • Control Panel

Near Field Communication (NFC)

The Zebra Print Touch[™] feature allows you to touch an Android[™]-based, NFC-enabled smartphone or tablet to the Zebra Print Touch logo (Figure 4) to pair the device to the printer. Your device then launches an app that displays a menu of choices that are specific to your Zebra printer.

Figure 4 • Print Touch Logo Location



Types of Media

Important • Zebra strongly recommends the use of Zebra-brand supplies for continuous high-quality printing. A wide range of paper, polypropylene, polyester, and vinyl stock has been specifically engineered to enhance the printing capabilities of the printer and to prevent premature printhead wear. To purchase supplies, go to http://www.zebra.com/howtobuy.

Your printer can use various types of media:

- *Standard media*—Most standard media uses an adhesive backing that sticks individual labels or a continuous length of labels to a liner. Standard media can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack (Table 1).
- *Tag stock*—Tags are usually made from a heavy paper. Tag stock does not have adhesive or a liner, and it is typically perforated between tags. Tag stock can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack (Table 1).
- *Radio frequency identification (RFID) "smart" media*—RFID media can be used in a printer that is equipped with an RFID reader/encoder. RFID labels are made from the same materials and adhesives as non-RFID labels. Each label has an RFID transponder (sometimes called an "inlay"), made of a chip and an antenna,

embedded between the label and the liner. The shape of the transponder varies by manufacturer and is visible through the label. All "smart" labels have memory that can be read, and many have memory that can be encoded.

Important • Transponder placement within a label depends on the transponder type and the printer model. Make sure that you are using the correct "smart" media for your printer. For more information, refer to the *RFID Programming Guide 3*. A copy of the manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals or on the user CD that came with your printer. For transponder placement details, go to http://www.zebra.com/transponders.





Table 1 • Roll and Fanfold Media

Ribbon Overview

Ribbon is a thin film that is coated on one side with wax, resin, or wax resin, which is transferred to the media during the thermal transfer process. The media determines whether you need to use ribbon and how wide the ribbon must be.

When ribbon is used, it must be as wide as or wider than the media being used. If the ribbon is narrower than the media, areas of the printhead are unprotected and subject to premature wear.

When to Use Ribbon

Thermal transfer media requires ribbon for printing while direct thermal media does not. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, perform a media scratch test.

To perform a media scratch test, complete these steps:

- 1. Scratch the print surface of the media rapidly with your fingernail.
- 2. Did a black mark appear on the media?

If a black mark	Then the media is
Does not appear on the media	Thermal transfer. A ribbon is required.
Appears on the media	Direct thermal. No ribbon is required.

Coated Side of Ribbon

Ribbon can be wound with the coated side on the inside or outside (Figure 5). This printer can only use ribbon that is coated on the outside. If you are unsure which side of a particular roll of ribbon is coated, perform an adhesive test or a ribbon scratch test to determine which side is coated.

Figure 5 • Ribbon Coated on Outside or Inside



Adhesive Test

If you have labels available, perform the adhesive test to determine which side of a ribbon is coated. This method works well for ribbon that is already installed.

To perform an adhesive test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Peel a label from its liner.
- 2. Press a corner of the sticky side of the label to the outer surface of the roll of ribbon.
- **3.** Peel the label off of the ribbon.
- 4. Observe the results. Did flakes or particles of ink from the ribbon adhere to the label?

If ink from the ribbon	Then	
Adhered to the label	The ribbon is coated on the outside and can be used in this printer.	0
Did not adhere to the label	The ribbon is coated on the inside and cannot be used in this printer. To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.	

Ribbon Scratch Test

Perform the ribbon scratch test when labels are unavailable.

To perform a ribbon scratch test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Unroll a short length of ribbon.
- **2.** Place the unrolled section of ribbon on a piece of paper with the outer surface of the ribbon in contact with the paper.
- 3. Scratch the inner surface of the unrolled ribbon with your fingernail.
- **4.** Lift the ribbon from the paper.
- 5. Observe the results. Did the ribbon leave a mark on the paper?

If the ribbon	Then	
Left a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the outside and can be used in this printer.	r >
Did not leave a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the inside and cannot be used in this printer.	٢
	To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.	>



Printer Setup and Operation

This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.

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Handling the Printer

This section describes how to handle your printer.

Unpack and Inspect the Printer

When you receive the printer, immediately unpack it and inspect for shipping damage.

- Save all packing materials.
- Check all exterior surfaces for damage.
- Raise the media door, and inspect the media compartment for damage to components.

If you discover shipping damage upon inspection:

- Immediately notify the shipping company and file a damage report.
- Keep all packaging material for shipping company inspection.
- Notify your authorized Zebra reseller



Important • Zebra Technologies is not responsible for any damage incurred during the shipment of the equipment and will not repair this damage under warranty.

Store the Printer

If you are not placing the printer into immediate operation, repackage it using the original packing materials. You may store the printer under the following conditions:

- Temperature: -40° F to 140° F (-40° to 60° C)
- Relative humidity: 5% to 85% non-condensing

Ship the Printer

If you must ship the printer:

- Turn off (**O**) the printer, and disconnect all cables.
- Remove any media, ribbon, or loose objects from the printer interior.
- Close the printhead.
- Carefully pack the printer into the original container or a suitable alternate container to avoid damage during transit. A shipping container can be purchased from Zebra if the original packaging has been lost or destroyed.

Select a Location for the Printer

Select a location for the printer that meets these conditions:

- **Surface:** The surface where the printer will be located must be solid, level, and of sufficient size and strength to hold the printer.
- **Space:** The area where the printer will be located must include enough space for ventilation and for accessing the printer components and connectors. To allow for proper ventilation and cooling, leave open space on all sides of the printer.



Caution • Do not place any padding or cushioning material behind or under the printer because this restricts air flow and could cause the printer to overheat.

- **Power:** The printer should be within a short distance of an appropriate power outlet that is easily accessible.
- **Data communication interfaces:** The printer must be within range of your WLAN radio (if applicable) or within an acceptable range for other connectors to reach your data source (usually a computer). For more information on maximum cable lengths and configuration, see Table 2 on page 25.
- **Operating conditions:** Your printer is designed to function in a wide range of environmental and electrical conditions, including a warehouse or factory floor. Table 1 shows the temperature and relative humidity requirements for the printer when it is operating.

Mode	Temperature	Relative Humidity
Thermal Transfer	40° to 104°F (5° to 40°C)	20 to 85% non-condensing
Direct Thermal	32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C)	

Table 1 • Operating Temperature and Humidity

Select a Communication Interface

You may connect your printer to a computer using one or more of the available connections. The standard connections are shown in Figure 1. A ZebraNet wired or wireless print server option or a parallel port may also be present on your printer.





Table 2 on page 25 provides basic information about communication interfaces that you can use to connect your printer to a computer. You may send label formats to the printer through any communication interface that is available. Select an interface that is supported by both your printer and your computer or your Local Area Network (LAN).

Caution • Ensure that the printer power is off (**O**) before connecting data communications cables. Connecting a data communications cable while the power is on (**I**) may damage the printer.

Interface	Standard or Option	Description	
Bluetooth [®]	Standard	Limitations and Requirements Many mobile devices ca communicate with the printer within a 10-foot radius of the printer.	
		Connections and Configuration Refer to the <i>Zebra</i> <i>Bluetooth User Guide</i> for specific instructions for configuring your printer to use a Bluetooth interface. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals.	
RS-232 Serial	Standard	 Limitations and Requirements Maximum cable length of 50 ft (15.24 m). You may need to change printer parameters to match the host computer. You need to use a null-modem adaptor to connect to the printer if using a standard modem cable. 	
		Connections and Configuration The baud rate, number of data and stop bits, the parity, and the XON/XOFF or DTR control must match those of the host computer.	
USB	Standard	 Limitations and Requirements Maximum cable length of 16.4 ft (5 m). No printer parameter changes required to match the host computer. 	
		Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.	
Wired Ethernet print server	Standard	 Limitations and Requirements Can print to the printer from any computer on your LAN. Can communicate with the printer through the printer's web pages. The printer must be configured to use your LAN. A parallel connection or a wireless print server (if installed) takes up this port on the printer. Caution • Be careful not to plug a USB cable into a wired 	
		Ethernet print server connector on the printer because doing so will damage the Ethernet connector. Connections and Configuration Refer to the <i>ZebraNet</i>	
		Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals.	
		Note • To use this connection, you may need to remove a factory-installed plug that is designed to keep someone from accidentally plugging a USB connector into this port.	

Table 2 •	Communication	Interfaces
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Interface	Standard or Option	Description	
8-bit Parallel data interface	Option	 Limitations and Requirements Maximum cable length of 10 ft (3 m). Recommended cable length of 6 ft (1.83 m). No printer parameter changes required to match the host computer. A wired or wireless print server (if installed) takes up this port on the printer. 	
		Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.	
Wireless print server	Option	 Limitations and Requirements Can print to the printer from any computer on your Wirel Local Area Network (WLAN). Can communicate with the printer through the printer's v pages. The printer must be configured to use your WLAN. A parallel connection or a wired print server (if installed) up this port on the printer. 	
		Configuration Refer to the <i>ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print</i> <i>Servers User Guide</i> for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals.	

Data Cables

You must supply all data cables for your application.

Ethernet cables do not require shielding, but all other data cables must be fully shielded and fitted with metal or metallized connector shells. Unshielded data cables may increase radiated emissions above the regulated limits.

To minimize electrical noise pickup in the cable:

- Keep data cables as short as possible.
- Do not bundle the data cables tightly with the power cords.
- Do not tie the data cables to power wire conduits.

Connect the Printer to a Power Source

The AC power cord must have a three-prong female connector on one end that plugs into the mating AC power connector at the rear of the printer. If a power cable was not included with your printer, refer to *Power Cord Specifications* on page 28.



Caution • For personnel and equipment safety, always use an approved three-conductor power cord specific to the region or country intended for installation. This cord must use an IEC 320 female connector and the appropriate region-specific three-conductor grounded plug configuration.

To connect the printer to a power source, complete these steps:

1. Plug the female end of the A/C power cord into the A/C power connector on the back of the printer.



2. Plug the male end of the A/C power cord into an appropriate power outlet.



3. Turn on (I) the printer.



The printer boots up and performs a self-test. The printer reports its status through the indicator lights on the control panel (see Table 1 on page 146 for the meaning of the light colors and combinations).

Power Cord Specifications



Caution • For personnel and equipment safety, always use an approved three-conductor power cord specific to the region or country intended for installation. This cord must use an IEC 320 female connector and the appropriate region-specific, three-conductor grounded plug configuration.

Depending on how your printer was ordered, a power cord may or may not be included. If one is not included or if the one included is not suitable for your requirements, see Figure 2 and refer to the following guidelines:

- The overall cord length must be less than 9.8 ft. (3 m).
- The cord must be rated for at least 10 A, 250 V.
- The chassis ground (earth) **must** be connected to ensure safety and reduce electromagnetic interference.





1	AC power plug for your country—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations
	mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations
	(Figure 3).
2	3-conductor HAR cable or other cable approved for your country.
3	IEC 320 connector—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations (Figure 3).
	least one of the known international safety organizations (Figure 3).
4	Length \leq 9.8 ft. (3 m). Rating 10 Amp, 250 VAC.

Figure 3 • International Safety Organization Certification Symbols



Select a Print Mode

Use a print mode that matches the media being used and the printer options available (Table 3). The media path is the same for roll and fanfold media.

Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions
Tear-Off (default setting)	Use for most applications. This mode can be used with any printer options and most media types.	The printer prints label formats as it receives them. The printer operator can tear off the printed labels any time after they print.
	Roll media in	Tear-Off mode
		in Tear-Off mode a the rear access slot)

Table 3 • Print Modes and Printer Options

Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions	
Cutter	Use if the printer has a cutter option when	The printer prints a label and then cuts it	
	you want the labels to be cut apart.	free.	
		Cutter mode	
Peel-Off	Use if the printer has the Peel-Off option, the Liner Take-Up option, or the Rewind option.	The printer peels the label from the liner during printing and then pauses until the label is removed. The liner exits the front of the printer.	
	the printer. Peel-Off mode		

Table 3 • Print Modes and Printer Options

Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions	
Peel-Off (with Liner Take-Up)	Use if the printer has the Liner Take-Up option or the Rewind option.	The printer peels the label from the liner during printing and then pauses until the label is removed. The liner winds onto the liner take-up spindle or the rewind spindle.	
	Liner Take	Up Option	
	Rewind Option		

Table 3 • Print Modes and Printer Options



Table 3 • Print Modes and Printer Options

Load the Media

Use the instructions in this section for loading roll or fanfold media in any print mode.

Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.



Note • In some of the drawings that follow, the printer is shown without a ribbon system to give you a better view of the components involved in media loading.

To load media, complete these steps:



1. Raise the media door.



2. Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.



3. Insert media into the printer. Follow the instructions for roll or fanfold media, as appropriate.



3-a. Remove and discard any tags or labels that are dirty or that are held by adhesives or tape.





Pull out the media supply guide as far as it goes.



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Fanfold Media

Rear Feed

Bottom Feed

(Continued)




3-d. Slide in the media supply guide, until it touches the edge of the roll.



З-е. Continue with step 4.

Fanfold Media (Continued)

Slide in the media supply guide, until it touches the edge of the media.



Continue with step 4 and the remaining steps as shown for roll media.

4. Slide the media guide all the way out.



From the media hanger (1), feed the media under the dancer assembly (2), through the media sensor (3), and under the printhead assembly (4). Slide the media back until it touches the inside back wall of the media sensor.



- Then... If using... Tear-Off mode Continue with Final Steps for *Tear-Off Mode* on page 40. P - 0 Peel-Off mode (with or without Liner Take-Up) Continue with Final Steps for *Peel-Off Mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)* on page 42. Rewind mode Continue with *Final Steps for* Rewind Mode on page 51. 9-0 Cutter mode Continue with *Final Steps for Cutter* Mode on page 57.
- 6. In which print mode will your printer be operating? (For more information on print modes, see *Select a Print Mode* on page 30.)

Final Steps for Tear-Off Mode



1. Slide in the media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.



2. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



3. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 18.

If using	Then
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with step 4.
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	 a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60. b. Continue with step 4.

4. Close the media door.



- 5. Set the printer to Tear-Off mode (for more information, see *Print Mode* on page 69).
- **6.** Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing. The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
- **7.** If desired, perform the *CANCEL Self Test* on page 163 to verify that your printer is able to print.

Media loading in Tear-Off mode is complete.

Final Steps for Peel-Off Mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)



1. Push down the peel-off mechanism release lever to open the peel assembly.





2. Extend the media approximately 18 in. (500 mm) out of the printer.



44 | Printer Setup and Operation Load the Media—Peel-Off Mode (with our without Liner Take-Up)

- 0 a 6 6 6 6 R A \bigcirc 0
- **4.** Feed the liner behind the peel assembly. Make sure that the end of the liner falls outside of the printer.

- **5.** Complete this step only if you want to use Peel-Off mode with Liner Take-Up. Your printer must have the Liner Take-Up option or the Rewind option installed. Follow the instructions for your printer option. If you are not using Liner Take-Up, continue with step 6.
 - **5-a.** Thread the liner into the slot below the peel assembly.



Rewind Option

5-b. Feed the liner under the media alignment roller (1).



Liner Take-Up Option

Slide the liner into the slot in the liner take-up spindle (1).



Load the Media—Peel-Off Mode (with our without Liner Take-Up)

Rewind Option (Continued)

5-c. Loosen the thumbscrew on the rewind media guide.



5-d. Slide the rewind media guide all the way out, and then fold it down.



Liner Take-Up Option (Continued)

Push the liner back until it touches the back plate of the liner take-up spindle assembly.



Wrap the liner around the liner take-up spindle and turn the spindle counterclockwise to tighten the liner.



For the Liner Take-Up option, loading of the liner is complete. Continue with step 6.



48 | Printer Setup and Operation Load the Media—Peel-Off Mode (with our without Liner Take-Up)

Rewind Option (Continued)

Fold up the rewind media guide, and 5-g. then slide it in until it touches the liner.



Tighten the thumbscrew on the 5-h. rewind media guide.



Loading of the liner is complete. 5-i. Continue with step 6.



6.

Caution • Use the peel release lever and your right hand to close the peel assembly. Do not use your left hand to assist in closing. The top edge of the peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.

Close the peel assembly using the peel-off mechanism release lever.



7. Slide in the media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.



8. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



Load the Media—Peel-Off Mode (with our without Liner Take-Up)

9. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 18.

If using	Then
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with step 10.
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	 a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60. b. Continue with step 10.

10. Close the media door.



- **11.** Set the printer to Peel-Off mode (for more information, see *Print Mode* on page 69).
- **12.** Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.

The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.

13. If desired, perform the *CANCEL Self Test* on page 163 to verify that your printer is able to print.

Media loading in Peel-Off mode is complete.

Final Steps for Rewind Mode



1. Extend the media approximately 18 in. (500 mm) out of the printer.



2. Feed the media over the peel assembly.





3. Thread the media into the slot below the peel assembly.

4. Feed the media under the media alignment roller.



5. Loosen the thumbscrew on the rewind media guide.



6. Slide the rewind media guide all the way out, and then fold it down.



7. Slide an empty core onto the rewind spindle.



8. Wrap the media around the core as shown and turn the rewind spindle to tighten the media. Ensure that the edge of the media is flush against the backplate of the rewind spindle.



- **9.** Fold up the rewind media guide, and then slide it in until it touches the media.

10. Tighten the thumbscrew on the rewind media guide.



11. Slide in the outer media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.





12. Rotate the printhead-open lever (**1**) downward until it locks the printhead in place.

13. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 18.

If using	Then
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with step 14.
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	 a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60. b. Continue with step 14.

14. Close the media door.



15. Set the printer to Rewind mode (for more information, see *Print Mode* on page 69).

- **16.** Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing. The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
- **17.** If desired, perform the *CANCEL Self Test* on page 163 to verify that your printer is able to print.

Media loading in Cutter mode is complete.

Final Steps for Cutter Mode





1. **Caution** • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

Feed the media through the cutter.





2. Slide in the outer media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.

3. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



4. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 18.

If using	Then
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with step 5.
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	 a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60. b. Continue with step 5.

5. Close the media door.



- 6. Set the printer to Cutter mode (for more information, see *Print Mode* on page 69).
- Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.
 The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
- **8.** If desired, perform the *CANCEL Self Test* on page 163 to verify that your printer is able to print.

Media loading in Cutter mode is complete.

Load the Ribbon



Note • This section applies only to printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Ribbon is used only with thermal transfer labels. For direct thermal labels, do not load ribbon in the printer. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, see *When to Use Ribbon* on page 18.

Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.



Important • Use ribbon that is wider than the media to protect the printhead from wear. Ribbon must be coated on the outside.

To load ribbon, complete these steps:

- **1.** Raise the media door.



2. Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.



3. Place the roll of ribbon on the ribbon supply spindle with the loose end of the ribbon unrolling as shown. Push the roll back as far as it will go.



4. Bring the ribbon under the printhead assembly, and then wrap it several turns around the ribbon take-up spindle.



5. Is media already loaded in the printer?





Printer Configuration and Adjustment

This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.

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Adjust Printer Settings

This section presents the printer settings that you can change and identifies the tools for changing them. These tools include the following:

- ZPL and Set/Get/Do (SGD) commands (See the *Zebra[®] Programming Guide* for more information.)
- The printer's user menus (See User Menus on page 90 for more information.)
- The printer's **web pages** when the printer has an active wired or wireless print server connection (See the *ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide* for more information.)

Copies of the referenced manuals are available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals.

This section contains the following subsections:

- Print Settings on page 67
- Calibration and Diagnostic Tools on page 71
- Network Settings on page 77
- *RFID Settings* on page 80
- Language Settings on page 83
- Sensor Settings on page 86
- Port Settings on page 87
- BlueTooth Settings on page 89

Print Settings

Print Darkness	 Set the darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. If you set the darkness too high, the label image may print unclearly, bar codes may not scan correctly, the ribbon may burn through, or the printhead may wear prematurely. If desired, use the <i>FEED Self Test</i> on page 165 to determine the best darkness setting. 			
	Accepted values:	0.0 - 30.0		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^MD, ~SD		
	SGD command used:	print.tone		
	User menu item:	DARKNESS on page 94		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Darkness		
Print Speed		Select the speed for printing a label (given in inches per second). Slower print speeds typically yield better print quality.		
	Accepted values:	2, 3, 4, 5, 6		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^PR		
	SGD command used:	media.speed		
	User menu item:	PRINT SPEED on page 94		
	Printer web page:	N/A		
Media Type	 Select the type of media that you are using. If you select CONTINUOUS, you must include a label length in your label format (^LL if you are using ZPL). If you select GAP/NOTCH or MARK for various non-continuous media, the printer feeds media to calculate the label length. See <i>Types of Media</i> on page 16 for more information. 			
	Accepted values:	CONTINUOUSGAP/NOTCHMARK		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^MN		
	SGD command used:	ezpl.media_type		
	User menu item:	MEDIA TYPE on page 94		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Media Type		

Table 1 • Print Settings

Print Method	Specify if the printer is to use Direct Thermal mode (no ribbon) or Thermal Transfer mode (using thermal transfer media and ribbon).		
	Accepted values:	THERMAL TRANSDIRECT THERMAL	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^MT	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.print_method	
	User menu item:	PRINT METHOD on page 94	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Method	
Tear-Off Position	 Higher numbers move the methe next label). Lower numbers move the methy just printed). 1 1 Media diri 2 Factory-set 	et tear line location at position 000	
	Accepted values:	-120 to 120	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~TA	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.tear_off	
	User menu item:	TEAR OFF on page 95	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Tear Off	

Table 1 • Print Settings (Continued)

Print Width	Specify the width of the labels	being used. The default value is the maximum width for the	
	 printer, based on the printhead's DPI value. Note • Setting the width too narrow can result in portions of a label format not being printed on the media. Setting the width too wide wastes formatting memory and can cause the printer to print off of the label and onto the platen roller. This setting can affect the horizontal position of the label format if the image was inverted using the ^POI ZPL II command. 		
		ZT410 300 dpi = 0002 to 1248	
		ZT410 600 dpi = 0002 to 2496	
		ZT420 203 dpi = 0002 to 1344	
		ZT420 300 dpi = 0002 to 1984	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^PW	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.print_width	
	User menu item:	PRINT WIDTH on page 95	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Width	
Print Mode	Select a print mode that is compatible with your printer options.For information about how the print mode selections work with different printer options, see		
	Select a Print Mode on page 3	0.	
	Accepted values:	• TEAR OFF	
		 CUTTER PEEL (use this value for peel-off or liner take-up printing) 	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^MM	
	SGD command used:	media.printmode	
	User menu item:	PRINT MODE on page 95	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Print Mode	
Label Left Position	If necessary, shift the print position horizontally on the label. Positive numbers move the left edge of the image toward the center of the label by the number of dots selected, while negative numbers move the left edge of the image toward the left edge of the label.		
	Accepted values:	-9999 to 9999	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^LS	
	SGD command used:	<pre>zpl.left_position</pre>	
	User menu item:	LEFT POSITION on page 95	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Advanced Setup > Left Position	

Table 1 • Print Settings (Continued)

Reprint Mode	When reprint mode is enabled, you can reprint the last label printed by pressing and holding PAUSE + CANCEL on the printer's control panel.		
	Accepted values:	ONOFF	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^JZ	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.reprint_mode	
	User menu item:	REPRINT MODE on page 95	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
Maximum Label Length	actual label length plus the interl	a value that is at least 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) greater than the abel gap. If you set the value to one that is smaller than the that continuous media is loaded, and the printer cannot	
	For example, if the label length i parameter for at least 7.0 inches	s 6.0 inches (152 mm) including the interlabel gap, set the (178 mm).	
		AaBbCDdEeF(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuvy WwxYy2123457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu MmiooPpOgRistTuuv WwxYy213457890(# %%*0++??!:.~(1) AaBbCDdEef(GgHikijKu) MmiooPpOgRistTuuv	
	2 Interlabel g		
	3 Set the may this value	kimum label length to approximately	
	Accepted values:	0 to the maximum label length supported by the printer	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^ML	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.label_length_max	
	User menu item:	LABEL LENGTH MAX on page 96	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Maximum Length	

Table 1 • Print Settings (Continued)

Calibration and Diagnostic Tools

Print	Print the specified information	n on one or more labels.
Information	Accepted values:	 SETTINGS—prints the printer configuration label. NETWORK—prints the settings for any print server that is installed. FORMATS—prints the available formats stored in the printer's RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card. IMAGES—prints the available images stored in the printer's RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card. FONTS—prints the available fonts in the printer, including standard printer fonts plus any optional fonts. Fonts may be stored in RAM or Flash memory. BARCODES—prints the available bar codes in the printer. Bar codes may be stored in RAM or Flash memory. ALL—prints the previous six labels. SENSOR PROFILE—shows the sensor settings compared to actual sensor readings. To interpret the results of the sensor profile, see <i>Sensor Profile</i> on page 170.
	Related ZPL command(s):	Settings: ~WC Network: ~WL Sensor profile: ~JG Others: ^WD
	SGD command used:	none
	User menu item:	Settings: PRINT INFORMATION on page 97 Network: PRINT INFORMATION on page 106 Sensor profile: PRINT INFORMATION on page 113
	Control panel key(s):	 Settings and Network: Do one of the following: Hold CANCEL during printer power-up. Hold FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state. Sensor profile: Hold FEED + CANCEL during printer power-up.
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Print Listings on Label

Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools

LCD Contrast	Change the contrast on the printer's display.		
	Accepted values:	3 to 15	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	display.contrast	
	User menu item:	LCD CONTRAST on page 97	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
ldle Display	Select the information shown of	n the printer's display when the printer is idle.	
	Accepted values:	 FW VERSION IP ADDRESS MM/DD/YY 24 HR M/DD/YY 12 HR DD/MM/YY 24 HR DD/MM/YY 12 HR 	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	device.idle_display_format	
	User menu item:	IDLE DISPLAY on page 97	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
Power-Up Action	 Set the action for the printer to take during the power-up sequence. CALIBRATE adjusts sensor levels and thresholds, determines the label len feeds the media to the next web. FEED—feeds the labels to the first registration point. LENGTH determines the label length using current sensor values, and feed media to the next web. NO MOTION tells the printer not to move the media. You must manually of that the web is positioned correctly, or press feed to position the next web. SHORT CAL sets the media and web thresholds without adjusting sensor g determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web. Accepted values: CALIBRATE FEED LENGTH NO MOTION 		
	Related ZPL command(s): SGD command used:	SHORT CAL ^MF ezpl.power_up_action	
	User menu item:	POWER UP ACTION on page 97	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration	

Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)
Head-Close Action	Set the action for the printer to take when you close the printhead.	
	 feeds the media to the next w FEED—feeds the labels to t LENGTH determines the la media to the next web. NO MOTION tells the prin that the web is positioned co SHORT CAL sets the media 	 the first registration point. abel length using current sensor values, and feeds the ter not to move the media. You must manually ensure prrectly, or press feed to position the next web. a and web thresholds without adjusting sensor gain, and feeds the media to the next web. CALIBRATE FEED LENGTH NO MOTION
	Related ZPL command(s):	SHORT CAL ^MF
	SGD command used:	ezpl.head_close_action
	User menu item:	HEAD CLOSE ACTION on page 98
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration
Head-Open Light	Set the brightness of the light that turns on when the printhead is open.	
	Accepted values:	 HIGH MEDIUM LOW OFF
	Related ZPL command(s):	N/A
	SGD command used:	device.light.head_open_brightness
	User menu item:	HEAD OPEN LIGHT on page 98
	Printer web page:	N/A
Cover-Open	Set the brightness of the light that turns on when the media door is open.	
Light	Accepted values:	 HIGH MEDIUM LOW OFF
	Related ZPL command(s):	N/A
	SGD command used:	device.light.cover_open_brightness
	User menu item:	COVER OPEN LIGHT on page 98
	Printer web page:	N/A

 Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Load Defaults	Restore specific printer, print server, and network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.	
	 FACTORY—Restores all printer settings other than the network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually. NETWORK—Reinitializes the printer's wired or wireless print server. With a wireless print server, the printer will also reassociate with your wireless network. LAST SAVED—Loads settings from the last permanent save. 	
	Accepted values:	FACTORYNETWORKLAST SAVED
	Related ZPL command(s):	Factory: ^JUF Network: ^JUN Last saved: ^JUR
	SGD command used:	none
	User menu item:	LOAD DEFAULTS on page 106
	Control panel key(s):	Factory: Hold FEED + PAUSE during printer power- up to reset the printer parameters to factory values.
		Network: Hold CANCEL + PAUSE during printer power-up to reset the network parameters to factory values.
		Last saved: N/A
	Printer web page:	Factory: View and Modify Printer Settings > Restore Default Configuration
		Network: Print Server Settings > Reset Print Server Last saved: View and Modify Printer Settings > Restore Saved Configuration

Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Media and Calibrate the printer to adju		the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.	
Ribbon Sensor Calibration	For complete instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119.		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~JC	
	SGD command used:	ezpl.manual_calibration	
	User menu item:	MEDIA/RIBBON CAL on page 98	
	Control panel key(s):	Hold PAUSE + FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds to initiate calibration.	
	Printer web page:	The calibration procedure cannot be initiated through the web pages. See the following web page for settings that are set during sensor calibration: View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration	
		Important • Do not change these settings unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.	
Communication Diagnostics Mode	Use this diagnostics tool to cause the printer to output the hexadecimal values for all data received by the printer.		
	For more information, see Communication Diagnostics Test on page 169.		
	Accepted values:	DISABLEDENABLED	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~JD to enable, ~JE to disable	
	SGD command used:	device.diagnostic_print	
	User menu item:	DIAGNOSTIC MODE on page 99	
	Control panel key(s):	Hold PAUSE + FEED for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state.	
	Printer web page:	N/A	

Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Enable ZBI	Zebra Basic Interpreter (ZBI 2.0 TM) is a programming option that may be purchased for your printer. If you would like to purchase this option, contact your Zebra reseller for more information.		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	zbi.key (identifies if the ZBI 2.0 option is enabled or disabled on the printer)	
	User menu item:	ZBI ENABLED? on page 99	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
Run a ZBI Program	If you have ZBI installed, you may choose to run a ZBI program that you have downloaded to your printer.		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^JI,~JI	
	SGD command used:	zbi.control.run	
	User menu item:	RUN ZBI PROGRAM on page 99	
	Printer web page:	Directory Listing	
Stop a ZBI	If your printer is running a ZBI program, you may stop that program.		
Program	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~JQ	
	SGD command used:	zbi.control.terminate	
	User menu item:	STOP ZBI PROGRAM on page 99	
	Printer web page:	Directory Listing	

Table 2 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Network Settings

IP Address		View and, if necessary, change the printer's IP address.	
		ed only if IP PROTOCOL is set to PERMANENT. To the effect, reset the print server (see <i>Reset Network</i>	
	Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^ND	
	SGD command used:	Wired: internal_wired.ip.addr Wireless: ip.addr, wlan.ip.addr	
	User menu item:	WIRED IP ADDRESS on page 102	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings	
Subnet Mask	View and, if necessary, change	the subnet mask.	
	This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed on your printer. To save changes to this setting, set IP PROTOCOL to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see <i>Reset Network</i> on page 79).		
	Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^ND	
	SGD command used:	Wired: internal_wired.ip.netmask Wireless: wlan.ip.netmask	
	User menu item:	WIRED SUBNET MASK on page 102	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings	
Gateway	View and, if necessary, change the default gateway.		
	This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed on your printer. To save changes to this setting, set IP PROTOCOL to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see <i>Reset Network</i> on page 79).		
	Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^ND	
	SGD command used:	Wired: internal_wired.ip.gateway Wireless: wlan.ip.gateway	
	User menu item:	WIRED GATEWAY on page 103	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings	

Table 3 • Network Settings

IP Protocol	This parameter tells if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the IP address. When a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which the wired or wireless print server receives the IP address from the server.		
	Accepted values:	 ALL GLEANING ONLY RARP BOOTP DHCP DHCP & BOOTP PERMANENT 	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^ND	
	SGD command used:	Wired: internal_wired.ip.protocol Wireless: wlan.ip.protocol	
	User menu item:	WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings	
MAC Address	View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the print server that is installed in the printer (wired or wireless).		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	Wired: internal_wired.mac_addr Wireless: wlan.mac_addr	
	User menu item:	WIRED MAC ADDRESS on page 103	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup	
ESSID	The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID) is an identifier for your wireless network. This setting, which cannot be modified from the control panel, gives the ESSID for the current wireless configuration.		
	Accepted values:	32-character alphanumeric string (default 125)	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	wlan.essid	
	User menu item:	ESSID on page 105	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup	

Table 3 • Network Settings (Continued)

Channel	View the wireless channel being used when the wireless network is active and authenticated.		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	wlan.channel	
	User menu item:	CHANNEL on page 105	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup	
Signal	View the wireless signal strengt	h when the wireless network is active and authenticated.	
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	wlan.signal_strength	
	User menu item:	SIGNAL on page 105	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup	
Reset Network	This option resets the wired or wireless print server. You must reset the print server to allow any changes to the network settings to take effect.		
	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~WR	
	SGD command used:	device.reset	
	User menu item:	RESET NETWORK on page 106	
	Printer web page:	Print Server Settings > Factory Print Server Settings	

Table 3 • Network Settings (Continued)

RFID Settings

RFID Status	Display the status of the RFID	subsystem of the printer.
	Accepted values:	N/A
	Related ZPL command(s):	^HL or ~HL
	SGD command used:	rfid.error.response
	User menu item:	RFID STATUS on page 108
	Printer web page:	N/A
Read RFID Data		tag data from the RFID tag located over the RFID occurs while tag data is being read. The printhead can be
	Accepted values:	epc = reads the first 128 bits of EPC data
		tid information = reads the first 32 bits of the TID (Tag ID)
		password status = reads the tag's access and kill passwords
		protocol bits = reads the protocol bits from the EPC memory banks and converts that value to the EPC size
		memory bank sizes = reads the EPC, TID, and user memory banks sizes
	Related ZPL command(s):	^RF
	SGD command used:	rfid.tag.read.content and rfid.tag.read.execute
	User menu item:	READ RFID DATA on page 108
	Printer web page:	N/A
RFID Test	During the RFID test, the printer attempts to read and write to a transponder. No printer movement occurs with this test.	
	Accepted values:	quick = performs a read EPC test and a write EPC test (using random data)
		read = performs a read EPC test
		write = performs a write EPC test (using random data)
	Related ZPL command(s):	N/A
	SGD command used:	rfid.tag.test.content and rfid.tag.test.execute
	User menu item:	RFID TEST on page 109
	Printer web page:	N/A

Table 4 • RFID Settings

Programming Position	If the desired programming position (read/write position) is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified. See the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> for more information.	
	Accepted values:	F0 to Fxxx (where xxx is the label length in millimeters or 999, whichever is less) The printer feeds the label forward for the specified distance and then begins programming.
		B0 to B30 The printer backfeeds the label for the specified distance and then begins programming. To account for the backfeed, allow empty media liner to extend out of the front of the printer when using a backward programming position.
	Related ZPL command(s):	^RS
	SGD command used:	rfid.position.program
	User menu item:	RFID PROGRAM POS. on page 109
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > PROGRAM POSITION
RFID Antenna Element	If the desired antenna is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.	
	Note • This parameter does not apply to ZD500R printers, which always use an antenna element value of A1.	
	Accepted values:	A1, A2, A3, A4 B1, B2, B3, B4 C1, C2, C3, C4 D1, D2, D3, D4 E1, E2, E3, E4
	Related ZPL command(s):	^RW
	SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.antenna_port
	User menu item:	RFID ANTENNA on page 109
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID ANTENNA

Table 4 • RFID Settings (Continued)

RFID Read Power	If the desired read power is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.		
	Accepted values:	0 to 30	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^RW	
	SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.power.read	
	User menu item:	RFID READ POWER on page 109	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID READ PWR	
RFID Write Power	If the desired write power is no specified.	ot achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be	
	Accepted values:	0 to 30	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^RW	
	SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.power.write	
	User menu item:	RFID WRITE POWER on page 109	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID WRITE PWR	
RFID Valid	Resets the RFID valid label counter to zero.		
Counter	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~RO	
	SGD command used:	<pre>odometer.rfid.valid_resettable</pre>	
	User menu item:	RFID VALID COUNT on page 110	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
RFID Void	Resets the RFID void label counter to zero.		
Counter	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	~RO	
	SGD command used:	<pre>odometer.rfid.void_resettable</pre>	
	User menu item:	RFID VOID COUNT on page 110	
	Printer web page:	N/A	
RFID Tag	Initiate tag calibration for RFID media. (Not the same as media and ribbon calibration.		
Calibration	Accepted values:	N/A	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^HR	
	SGD command used:	rfid.tag.calibrate	
	User menu item:	RFID CALIBRATE on page 108	
	Printer web page:	N/A	

Table 4 • RFID Settings (Continued)

Language Settings

		anguage Settings	
Language	If necessary, change the languag	e that the printer displays.	
	This change affects the words shown on the following:		
	• the Home menu		
	• the user menus		
	 error messages the printer configuration label, the network configuration label, and other labels that you can select to print through the user menus 		
	Note • The selections for	r this parameter are displayed in their native languages.	
	Accepted values:	ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, NORWEGIAN, PORTUGUESE, SWEDISH, DANISH, SPANISH 2, DUTCH, FINNISH, CZECH, JAPANESE, KOREAN, ROMANIAN, RUSSIAN, POLISH, SIMPLIFIED CHINESE, TRADITIONAL CHINESE	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^KL	
	SGD command used:	display.language	
	User menu item:	(SETTINGS menu) LANGUAGE on page 96	
		(LANGUAGE menu) LANGUAGE on page 111	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Language	
ZPL Override	 current settings: ^MM (print mode) ^MT (Direct Thermal or Ther ^MN (media type non-continut) 		
	Accepted values:	DISABLED ENABLED	
	Related ZPL command(s):	none	
	SGD command used:	zpl.zpl_override	
	User menu item:	ZPL OVERRIDE on page 111	
	Printer web page:	none	

Table 5 • Language Settings

Command	The format command prefix is	a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in	
Character	ZPL/ZPL II format instructions. The printer looks for this hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II format instruction.		
	Set the format command character to match what is used in your label formats.		
	Important • You cannot use the same hex value for the format command prefix, control character, and delimiter characters. The printer must see different characters to work properly. If you are setting the value through the control panel, the printer will skip any value that is already in use.		
	Accepted values:	00 to FF	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^CC or ~CC	
	SGD command used:	zpl.caret	
	User menu item:	COMMAND CHAR on page 111	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control	
Control Character	The printer looks for this two-digit hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II control instruction.		
	Set the control prefix character	r to match what is used in your label formats.	
	Accepted values:	00 to FF	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^CT or ~CT	
	SGD command used:	zpl.control_character	
	User menu item:	CONTROL CHAR on page 111	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control	
Delimiter Character	The delimiter character is a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in ZPL/ZPL II format instructions.		
	Set the delimiter character to match what is used in your label formats.		
	Accepted values:	00 to FF	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^CD or ~CD	
	SGD command used:	zpl.delimiter	
	User menu item:	DELIMITER CHAR on page 112	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control	

Table 5 • Language Settings (Continued)

ZPL Mode	ZPL Mode Select the mode that matches what is used in your label formats. This printer accepts label formats written in either ZPL or ZPL II, rewrite any ZPL formats that already exist. The printer remains in is changed in one of the ways listed here.			
	Accepted values: ZPL II ZPL 			
	Related ZPL command(s):	^SZ		
	SGD command used:	zpl.zpl_mode		
User menu item: ZPL MODE on page 112		ZPL MODE on page 112		
_	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control			

Table 5 • Language Settings (Continued)

Sensor Settings

Sensor Type	Select the media sensor that is appropriate for the media that you are using. The reflective sensor typically is used only for black mark media. The transmissive sensor typically is used for other media types.			
	Accepted values:	TRANSMISSIVE REFLECTIVE		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^JS		
	SGD command used:	device.sensor_select		
	User menu item:	SENSOR TYPE on page 113		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup		
Label Sensor	Set the sensitivity of the label			
	Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.			
	Accepted values:	0 – 255		
	Related ZPL command(s):	none		
	SGD command used:	ezpl.label_sensor		
	User menu item:	LABEL SENSOR on page 113		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration		
Take Label	Set the intensity of the take label LED.			
	Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.			
	Accepted values:	0-255		
	Related ZPL command(s):	none		
	SGD command used:	ezpl.take_label		
	User menu item:	TAKE LABEL on page 114		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration		

Table 6 • Sensor Settings

Port Settings

Baud Rate	Select the baud value that matches the one being used by the host computer.			
	Accepted values:	• 115200		
		• 57600		
		• 38400		
		• 28800		
		• 19200		
		144009600		
		• 9600 • 4800		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^SC		
	SGD command used:	comm.baud		
	User menu item:	BAUD RATE on page 115		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings >		
		Serial Communications Setup		
Data Bits	Select the data bits value that matches the one being used by the host computer.			
	Accepted values:	• 7 • 8		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^SC		
	SGD command used:	comm.data_bits		
	User menu item:	DATA BITS on page 115		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup		
Parity	Select the parity value that matches the one being used by the host computer.			
	Accepted values:	• NONE		
		• EVEN		
		• ODD		
	Related ZPL command(s):	^SC		
	SGD command used:	comm.parity		
	User menu item:	PARITY on page 115		
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup		

Table 7 • Port Settings

Host Handshake	Select the handshake protocol that matches the one being used by the host comp		
	Accepted values:	 XON/XOFF RTS/CTS DSR/DTR 	
	Related ZPL command(s):	^SC	
	SGD command used:	comm.handshake	
	User menu item:	HOST HANDSHAKE on page 115	
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup	

Table 7 • Port Settings (Continued)

BlueTooth Settings

Bluetooth	Displays the printer's Bluetooth Device Address			
Address	Accepted values:	N/A		
	SGD command used:	bluetooth.address		
Mode	Displays the Bluetooth connect	ion pair printer's device type—Slave (typical) or Master.		
	Accepted values:	N/A		
	SGD command used:	N/A		
Discovery	Select if the printer is "Discove	rable" for Bluetooth device pairing.		
	Accepted values:	ON = enables Bluetooth discoverable mode OFF = disables Bluetooth discoverable mode		
	SGD command used:	bluetooth.discoverable		
Connected	Displays the Bluetooth connection status to its paired device (Yes or No).			
	Accepted values:	N/A		
	SGD command used:	N/A		
BT Spec Version	Displays the Bluetooth operational specification level.			
	Accepted values:	N/A		
	SGD command used:	bluetooth.radio_version		
Min. Security	Displays the printer's Bluetooth minimum level of applied security.			
Mode	Accepted values:	N/A		
	SGD command used:	N/A		

Table 8 • BLUETOOTH Menu

User Menus

The printer's control panel includes a display, where you can view the printer's status or change its operating parameters. In this section, you will learn how to navigate through the printer's menu system and change values for menu items.

Navigating through Screens in the Display

Idle Display After the printer completes the power-up sequence, it moves to the Idle Display (Figure 1). The printer cycles through its IP address and information configured by the user.





1	The printer's current status
2	Information that is set through <i>Idle Display</i> on page 72
Ħ	Home menu shortcut

Home Menu The printer's operating parameters are sorted into eight user menus, which you can access through the printer's Home menu (Figure 2). For detailed information about changing the printer settings, see *Adjust Printer Settings* on page 66.

	HOME MENU				
	11 Be		({]) ({])		

Figure 2 • Home Menu

0	See SETTINGS Menu on page 94.	.	See <i>NETWORK Menu</i> on page 102.
ABC	See LANGUAGE Menu on page 111.		See PORTS Menu on page 115.
¥1	See TOOLS Menu on page 97.	((I))	RFID — See <i>RFID Menu</i> on page 108.
B	See SENSORS Menu on page 113.	*	See <i>BLUETOOTH Menu</i> on page 117.
		Ţ	Exit and return to the Idle Display (Figure 1).

Navigation Table 9 shows the options available for navigating through the screens in the control panel display.



Table 9 • Navigation

At the Idle Display (Figure 1 on page 90), press LEFT SELECT to go to the printer's Home menu (Figure 2 on page 91).

Home Menu

Idle Display



To move from icon to icon in the Home menu, press any of the ARROW buttons.

When an icon is selected, its colors are reversed to highlight it.





To select the highlighted menu icon and enter the menu, press OK.



Press LEFT SELECT to exit the Home menu and return to the Idle Display. The printer automatically returns to the Idle Display after 15 seconds of inactivity in the Home menu.



 Table 9 • Navigation (Continued)

SETTINGS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see *Print Settings* on page 67.



Adjust the Print Darkness

Set the darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. If you set the darkness too high, the label image may print unclearly, bar codes may not scan correctly, the ribbon may burn through, or the printhead may wear prematurely.

See Print Darkness on page 67 for more information.

	PRINT SPEED	
▼	6.0	
A		

Select the Print Speed

Select the speed for printing a label (given in inches per second). Slower print speeds typically yield better print quality.

See *Print Speed* on page 67 for more information.



Set the Media Type

Select the type of media that you are using. See *Media Type* on page 67 for more information.



Select the Print Method

Specify if the printer is to use Direct Thermal mode (no ribbon) or Thermal Transfer mode (using thermal transfer media and ribbon).

See Print Method on page 68 for more information.



Adjust the Tear-Off Position

If necessary, adjust the position of the media over the tear-off bar after printing.

See *Tear-Off Position* on page 68 for more information.



Adjust the Print Width

Specify the width of the labels being used. The default value is the maximum width for the printer, based on the printhead's DPI value.

See Print Width on page 69 for more information.

	PRINT MODE	
▼	TEAR OFF	
ft		

Select the Print Mode

Select a print mode that is compatible with your printer options. See *Print Mode* on page 69 for more information.

	LEFT POSITION	
▼	0	
Ħ		

Adjust the Label Left Position

If necessary, shift the print position horizontally on the label. Positive numbers move the left edge of the image toward the center of the label by the number of dots selected, while negative numbers move the left edge of the image toward the left edge of the label.

See Label Left Position on page 69 for more information.



Set the Reprint Mode

When reprint mode is enabled, you can reprint the last label printed either by issuing certain commands or by pressing the LEFT ARROW on the control panel.

See *Reprint Mode* on page 70 for more information.



Set the Maximum Label Length

Set the maximum label length to a value that is at least 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) greater than the actual label length plus the interlabel gap. If you set the value to one that is smaller than the label length, the printer assumes that continuous media is loaded, and the printer cannot calibrate.

See *Maximum Label Length* on page 70 for more information.



Select the Display Language

If necessary, change the language that the printer displays. See *Language* on page 83 for more information.

Note • The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read.

	TOOLS MENU	
ŧ		GO

Tools Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.



TOOLS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 2, *Calibration and Diagnostic Tools* on page 71.



List the Printer Information*

Prints a printer configuration label.
See *Print Information* on page 71 for more information.
* Other options are available by scrolling.

	LCD CONTRAST	
▼	10	
A		

Set the Display Contrast

Change the contrast on the printer's display. See *LCD Contrast* on page 72 for more information.

	IDLE DISPLAY	
•	FW VERSION	
f		

Select the Idle Display

Select the information shown on the printer's display when the printer is idle.

See Idle Display on page 72 for more information.



Set the Power-Up Action

Set the action for the printer to take during the power-up sequence. See *Power-Up Action* on page 72 for more information.



Set the Head-Close Action

Set the action for the printer to take when you close the printhead. See *Head-Close Action* on page 73 for more information.

	HEAD OPEN LIGHT	
▼	HIGH	
Ħ		

Set the Head-Open Light Action

Set the brightness of the light that turns on when the printhead is open.

	COVER OPEN LIGHT	
•	HIGH	
Ħ		

Set the Cover Open Light Action

Set the brightness of the light that turns on when the media door is open.



Load Printer Defaults*

Use this menu item to restore all settings other than the network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.

See Load Defaults on page 74 for more information.

* Other options are available by scrolling.



Calibrate the Media and Ribbon Sensors

Use this menu item to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

See *Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration* on page 75 for more information. For instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see *Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors* on page 119.



Enable Communication Diagnostics Mode

Use this diagnostics tool to cause the printer to output the hexadecimal values for all data received by the printer.

See *Communication Diagnostics Mode* on page 75 for more information.



Is ZBI Enabled?

This menu item indicates if the Zebra Basic Interpreter (ZBI 2.0TM) option is enabled on your printer. If you would like to purchase this option, contact your Zebra reseller for more information.

See Enable ZBI on page 76 for more information.

f		RUN
▼	(*NONE*)	
	RUN ZBI PROGRAM	

Run a ZBI Program*

If ZBI programs exist on your printer, they are listed. If no program exists, NONE is listed.

- If you wish to run a ZBI program that you have downloaded to your printer:
- **1.** Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select the file from this menu.
- **2.** Press RIGHT SELECT to select RUN. If no program exists, the RUN option does not perform an action.

See Run a ZBI Program on page 76 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if ZBI is enabled on your printer and no ZBI program is running.



Stop a ZBI Program*

If a ZBI program is running, the printer lists it. If you wish to stop the program, press RIGHT SELECT to select STOP.

- See Stop a ZBI Program on page 76 for more information.
- * This menu item appears only if ZBI is enabled on your printer and a ZBI program is running.







Print a File from a USB Flash Drive*

Use this menu item to select files to print from a USB Flash drive.

- **1.** Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select one file or all files from this menu.
- 2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select PRINT.
- * This menu item appears only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB host port on the printer.

Save a File from a USB Flash Drive to the Printer*

Use this menu item to copy files from a USB Flash drive to your printer.

- **1.** Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select one file or all files from this menu.
- 2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select COPY.
- * This menu item appears only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB host port on the printer.

Save a File from the Printer to a USB Flash Drive*

Use this menu item to save files from your printer to a USB Flash drive.

- **1.** Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select one file or all files from this menu.
- 2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select STORE.
- * This menu item appears only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB host port on the printer.



Fill in a Form and Print a Label Format from the Display

Use this menu item to fill in variable fields in a label format and print the label using a Human Input Device (HID), such as a USB keyboard or scanner. A suitable label format must be stored on the E: drive of the printer to use this option.

When the printer finds an HID plugged into the printer's USB host port, it uses this user menu to prompt you to select a form on the printer's E: drive. After you have been prompted to fill in each variable ^FN field on the form, you can specify the desired quantity of labels to print.

For more information about using the **^FN** command, refer to the *Zebra Programming Guide*. You can download a copy of the manual from http://www.zebra.com/manuals/.



Network Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.



NETWORK Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 3, *Network Settings* on page 77. For more information about print servers and how they function, refer to the *Wired and Wireless Print Server User Guide*. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals.

View the Active Print Server

Only one print server (wired or wireless) can be installed at a time. Therefore, the print server installed is the active print server.

INTERNAL WIRED

ACTIVE PRINT SERVER

PRIMARY NETWORK WIRED

Ħ

View the Active Print Server

Only one print server (wired or wireless) can be installed at a time. Therefore, the print server installed is the active print server.

	WIRED IP ADDRESS	
▼	000.000.000.000	
Ħ		NEXT

Set the Printer's IP Address

View and, if necessary, change the printer's IP address.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use RESET NETWORK on page 106 to reset the print server.

See IP Address on page 77 for more information.



Set the Subnet Mask

View and, if necessary, change the subnet mask.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use RESET NETWORK on page 106 to reset the print server.

See Subnet Mask on page 77 for more information.



Set the Default Gateway

View and, if necessary, change the default gateway.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use **RESET NETWORK** on page 106 to reset the print server.

See Gateway on page 77 for more information.



IP ALTERNATE PORT

9100

Set the IP Resolution Method

This parameter tells if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the IP address. When a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which the wired or wireless print server receives the IP address from the server.

See IP Protocol on page 78 for more information.

	View the MAC Address
WIRED MAC ADDRESS	View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the print server that is installed in the printer (wired or wireless).
00:05:9A:3C:78:00	See MAC Address on page 78 for more information.
ft	

	View the Primary TCP/IP Port	
IP PORT	View the Ethernet TCP port number, over which labels and commands can be sent for processing.	
6101	* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wired or wireless print server is	
↑	installed in your printer.	

View the Alternate TCP/IP Port

View the alternate Ethernet TCP port number, over which labels and commands can be sent for processing.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.

ft



Set the Printer's IP Address*

View and, if necessary, change the printer's IP address.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use RESET NETWORK on page 106 to reset the print server.

- See IP Address on page 77 for more information.
- * This menu item appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



Set the Subnet Mask*

View and, if necessary, change the subnet mask.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use RESET NETWORK on page 106 to reset the print server.

See Subnet Mask on page 77 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



Set the Default Gateway*

View and, if necessary, change the default gateway.

Changes are saved only if WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 103 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use RESET NETWORK on page 106 to reset the print server.

See Gateway on page 77 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



Set the IP Resolution Method*

This parameter tells if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the IP address. When a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which the wired or wireless print server receives the IP address from the server.

See IP Protocol on page 78 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.

View the MAC Address*

View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the print server that is installed in the printer (wired or wireless).

See MAC Address on page 78 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.

View the ESSID Value*

The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID) is an identifier for your wireless network. This setting, which cannot be modified from the control panel, gives the ESSID for the current wireless configuration.

See ESSID on page 78 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



WLAN MAC ADDRESS

00:05:9A:3C:78:00

ESSID

125

View the Channel Value*

View the wireless channel being used when the wireless network is active and authenticated. No value indicates that you have no a wireless connection.

See Channel on page 79 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



View the Signal Value*

View the wireless signal strength when the wireless network is active and authenticated. A value of zero indicates that you have no wireless connection.

See Signal on page 79 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.

ZT400 Series™ User Guide

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Reset the Network Settings*

This option resets the wired or wireless print server. You must reset the print server to allow any changes to the network settings to take effect.

See Reset Network on page 79 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.

	LOAD DEFAULTS	
▼	NETWORK	
ft		LOAD

Load Network Defaults*

Use this menu item to restore all print server and network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.

See Load Defaults on page 74 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer. Other options are available by scrolling.



RFID Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.





Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 4, *RFID Settings* on page 80.







Perform RFID Tag Calibration

Initiate tag calibration for RFID media. See *RFID Tag Calibration* on page 82 for more information.



Read and Display the RFID Tag Data

When this option is selected, the reader attempts to read the specified information from an RFID tag, even if the printhead is open. No printer movement occurs while tag data is being read.

If you wish to read and display the information stored in an RFID tag:

- **1.** Position the RFID label with its transponder over the RFID antenna.
- **2.** Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select the type of information that you want read and displayed.
- **3.** Press **RIGHT SELECT** to select **READ**. The results of the test are shown on the display.

See *Read RFID Data* on page 80 for more information.


Perform an RFID Test

During the RFID test, the printer attempts to read and write to a transponder. No printer movement occurs with this test.

If you wish to test an RFID label:

- **1.** Position the RFID label with its transponder over the RFID antenna array.
- **2.** Press **RIGHT SELECT** to select **START**. The results of the test are shown on the display.

See RFID Test on page 80 for more information.



Display or Change the RFID Programming Position

This menu item displays the current programming position. If the desired programming position is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

See *Programming Position* on page 81 for more information.

	RFID ANTENNA	
▼	A1	
Ħ		

Display or Change the RFID Antenna Element

This menu item displays the RFID antenna element in use. If the desired antenna element is not selected through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

See *RFID Antenna Element* on page 81 for more information.



Display or Change the RFID Read Power

This menu item displays the current read power setting. If the desired read power is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

See RFID Read Power on page 82 for more information.



Display or Change the RFID Write Power

This menu item displays the current write power setting. If the desired write power is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

See *RFID Write Power* on page 82 for more information.



Display or Reset the RFID Valid Counter

Displays the RFID valid label count or resets the counter to zero. See *RFID Valid Counter* on page 82 for more information.

	RFID VOID COUNT
	0
f	RESET

Display or Reset the RFID Void Counter

Displays the RFID void label count or resets the counter to zero. See *RFID Void Counter* on page 82 for more information.

	LANGUAGE MENU	
f		GO

Language Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.





Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 5, Language Settings on page 83.



the printer's current settings.

See ZPL Override on page 83 for more information.



DISABLED

Set the Command Character Value

Set the format command character to match what is used in your label formats.

See Command Character on page 84 for more information.



Set the Control Character Value

Set the control prefix character to match what is used in your label formats.

See Control Character on page 84 for more information.

A



Set the Delimiter Character Value

Set the delimiter character to match what is used in your label formats.

See Delimiter Character on page 84 for more information.



Set the ZPL Mode

Select the mode that matches what is used in your label formats. See *ZPL Mode* on page 85 for more information.

Sensors Menu Shortcut

	SENSORS MENU	
ft		GO

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.





Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 6, *Sensor Settings* on page 86.





Calibrate the Media and Ribbon Sensors

Use this menu item to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

For instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see *Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors* on page 119.

Ħ	Ρ	RINT
▼	SENSOR PROFILE	
	PRINT INFORMATION	

Print a Sensor Profile*

Use this menu item to print a sensor profile.

See *Print Information* on page 71 or *Sensor Profile* on page 170 for more information.

Other options are available by scrolling.



Set the Sensitivity of the Label Sensor

Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

See *Label Sensor* on page 86 for more information.



Set the Intensity of the Take Label LED

Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

See Take Label on page 86 for more information.



Ports Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.



PORTS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see Table 7, *Port Settings* on page 87.



	DATA BITS	
▼	8	
f		

Set the Data Bits Value

Select the data bits value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See Data Bits on page 87 for more information.

	PARITY	
▼	NONE	
A		

Set the Parity Value

Select the parity value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See Parity on page 87 for more information.



Set the Host Handshake Protocol Value

Select the handshake protocol that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See Host Handshake on page 88 for more information.

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BLUETOOTH MENU

View the Wireless Markup Language (WML) Version

This value cannot be changed.

BlueTooth Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.





Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the RIGHT ARROW. For more information about these settings, see *BlueTooth Settings* on page 89.

	View the BlueTooth Address
BLUETOOTH ADDRESS	Displays the printer's Bluetooth Device Address
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	See MAC Address on page 78 for more information.
≜	

	View t
MODE	Displa type—
SLAVE	See Ba
ft]

View the Printer's BlueTooth Mode

Displays the Bluetooth connection pair printer's device type—Slave (typical) or Master.

See *Baud Rate* on page 87 for more information.



View the Printer's BlueTooth Mode

Select if the printer is "Discoverable" for Bluetooth device pairing. See *Baud Rate* on page 87 for more information.



View the Printer's BlueTooth Mode

Displays the Bluetooth connection status to its paired device (Yes or No).

See Baud Rate on page 87 for more information.



View the Printer's BlueTooth Mode

Displays the Bluetooth operational specification level. See *Baud Rate* on page 87 for more information.



View the Printer's BlueTooth Mode

Displays the printer's Bluetooth minimum level of applied security.

See Baud Rate on page 87 for more information.

	SETTINGS MENU	
f		GO

Settings Menu Shortcut

• To be taken to the next user menu, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



• To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.



Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors

Use the procedure in this section to calibrate the printer, which adjusts the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

- For issues that may be resolved by sensor calibration, see *Printing Issues* on page 148.
- For a summary of the options for initiating calibration, see *Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration* on page 75.



Important • Follow the calibration procedure exactly as presented. All of the steps must be performed even if only one of the sensors requires adjustment. You may press and hold CANCEL at any step in this procedure to cancel the process.

To perform sensor calibration, complete these steps:

- **1.** With the printer in the Ready state, initiate media and ribbon calibration in one of these ways:
 - Press and hold PAUSE + FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds.
 - Send the ezpl.manual_calibration SGD command to the printer. See the *Zebra Programming Guide* for more information about this command.
 - Navigate to the following menu item on the control panel display. This item is located under the TOOLS menu and the SENSORS menu. See *Navigating through Screens in the Display* on page 90 for information about using the control panel and accessing the menus.



a. Press RIGHT SELECT to select START.

The printer does the following:

- The STATUS light and SUPPLIES light flash yellow once.
- The **PAUSE light** blinks yellow.
- The control panel displays:

	MEDIA/RIBBON CAL	
ſ	LOAD BACKING	
	REMOVE RIBBON	
f		



2. Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.



3. Extend the media approximately 8 in. (203 mm) out of the printer.



4. Remove the exposed labels so that only the liner remains.





5. Pull the media into the printer so that only the backing is between the media sensors.

- **6.** Remove the ribbon (if used).
- 7. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



- **8.** Press PAUSE to begin the media calibration process.
 - The **PAUSE light** turns off.
 - The **SUPPLIES light** flashes.
 - The control panel displays:



When the process is complete:

- The **SUPPLIES light** stops flashing.
- The **PAUSE light** flashes yellow.
- The control panel displays:



9. Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.





10. Pull the media forward until a label is positioned under the media sensors.

- **11.** Reload the ribbon (if used).
- **12.** Close the printhead.
- **13.** Close the media door.



14. Press PAUSE to enable printing.

Adjust the Printhead Pressure

You may need to adjust printhead pressure if printing is too light on one side, if you use thick media, or if the media drifts from side to side during printing. Use the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality.

See Figure 3. The printhead pressure adjustment dials have setting marks from 1 to 4.



Figure 3 • Printhead Pressure Adjustment Dials

See Table 10. Begin with the following pressure settings, based on your printer and media width, and make adjustments as necessary.

Table 10	Pressure	Setting	Starting	Points
----------	----------	---------	----------	--------

Printer	Media Width	Inside Dial Setting	Outside Dial Setting
ZT410	1 in. (25 mm)	4	1
	2 in. (51 mm)	3	1
	3 in. (76 mm)	2.5	1.5
	≥ 3.5 in. (89 mm)	2	2
ZT420	2 in. (51 mm)	4	1
	3 in. (76 mm)	3.5	1
	4 in. (102 mm)	3	1.5
	≥ 5 in. (127 mm)	2	2

If the media	Then
Requires higher pressure to print well	Increase both dials one position.
Prints too lightly on the left side of the label.	Increase the inside dial setting one position.
Prints too lightly on the right side	Increase the outside dial setting one position.
of the label.	

If necessary, adjust the printhead pressure adjustment dials as follows:

If the media	Then
Shifts left while printing	Increase the outside dial setting one position.
	OR
	Decrease the inside dial setting one position.

If the media	Then
Shifts right while printing	Increase the inside dial setting one position.
	OR
	Decrease the outside dial setting one position.

Remove Used Ribbon

Remove used ribbon from the ribbon take-up spindle each time you change the roll of ribbon.

To remove used ribbon, complete these steps:

1. Has the ribbon run out?

If the ribbon	Then
Ran out	Continue with the next step.
Did not run out	Cut or break the ribbon before the ribbon take-up spindle.
	take-up spindle. Doing so may damage the spindle.

2. While holding the ribbon take-up spindle, turn the ribbon release knob to the left until it stops.

The ribbon release bars pivot down, easing the spindle's grip on the used ribbon.



3. Slide the used ribbon off of the ribbon take-up spindle and discard.



Routine Maintenance

This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.

Contents

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Cleaning Schedule and Procedures

Routine preventive maintenance is a crucial part of normal printer operation. By taking good care of your printer, you can minimize the potential problems that you might have with it and help to achieve and to maintain your standards for print quality.

Over time, the movement of media or ribbon across the printhead wears through the protective ceramic coating, exposing and eventually damaging the print elements (dots). To avoid abrasion:

- Clean the printhead frequently.
- Minimize printhead pressure and burn temperature (darkness) settings by optimizing the balance between the two.
- When using Thermal Transfer mode, ensure that the ribbon is as wide or wider than the media to prevent exposing the printhead elements to the more abrasive label material.

Important • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

Specific cleaning procedures are provided on the following pages. Table 1 shows the recommended cleaning schedule. These intervals are intended as guidelines only. You may have to clean more often, depending upon your application and media.

Area		Method	Interval
Printhead	Printhead		Direct Thermal Mode: After every roll of
Platen rolle	r	Solvent*	media (or 500 feet of fanfold media).
Media sens	Media sensors		Thermal Transfer Mode: After every roll of ribbon.
Ribbon sen	Ribbon sensor		
Media path	Media path		
Ribbon path		Solvent*	
Pinch roller	r (part of Peel-Off option)	Solvent*	
Cutter module	If cutting continuous, pressure-sensitive media	Solvent*	After every roll of media (or more often, depending upon your application and media).
	If cutting tag stock or label liner material	Solvent* and air blow	After every two or three rolls of media.
Tear-off/peel-off bar		Solvent*	Once a month.
Take-label sensor		Air blow	Once every six months.

Table 1 • Recommended Cleaning Schedule

* Zebra recommends using Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362). In place of this kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%).

Clean the Exterior, the Media Compartment, and the Sensors

Over time, dust, grime, and other debris may build up on the outside and inside of your printer, particularly in a harsh operating environment.

Printer Exterior

You may clean the exterior surfaces of the printer with a lint-free cloth and a small amount of a mild detergent, if necessary. Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaning agents or solvents.



Important • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

Media Compartment and Sensors

To clean the sensors, complete these steps:

- **1.** Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the media and ribbon paths.
- 2. Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the sensors.



1	Take-label sensor
2	Ribbon sensor reflector
3	Media sensor

Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller

Inconsistent print quality, such as voids in the bar code or graphics, may indicate a dirty printhead. For the recommended cleaning schedule, see Table 1 on page 130.

Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.



Note • For printers with a peel assembly, keep the peel assembly closed while cleaning the platen roller to reduce the risk of bending the tear-off/peel-off bar.



Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.



Caution • Before touching the printhead assembly, discharge any built-up static electricity by touching the metal printer frame or by using an antistatic wriststrap and mat.

To clean the printhead and platen roller, complete these steps:



1. Raise the media door.



2. Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.



- **3.** Remove the ribbon (if used) and the media.
- **4.** Using the swab from a Zebra Preventive Maintenance Kit, wipe along the brown strip on the printhead assembly from end to end. In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.



5. While manually rotating the platen roller, clean it thoroughly with the swab. Allow the solvent to evaporate.



- 6. Reload the ribbon (if used) and the media. For instructions, see *Load the Ribbon* on page 60 or *Load the Media* on page 34.
- 7. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



8. Close the media door.



The printer is ready to operate.

9. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.

The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.

Note • If performing this procedure does not improve print quality, try cleaning the printhead with *Save-A-Printhead* cleaning film. This specially coated material removes contamination buildup without damaging the printhead. Call your authorized Zebra reseller for more information.

Clean the Peel Assembly

The peel assembly, which is part of the Peel-Off and Liner Take-Up options, consists of several spring-loaded rollers to ensure the proper roller pressure. Clean the pinch roller and tear-off/peel-off bar if adhesive buildup begins to affect peel performance.



Caution • Do not use your left hand to assist in closing the Peel assembly. The top edge of the Peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.

If adhesive buildup affects peel-off performance, complete these steps:





2.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{Caution}}$ \bullet The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever.





3. Push down the peel-off mechanism release lever to open the peel assembly.

- 4. Remove any media liner to expose the pinch roller.
- **5.** While manually rotating the pinch roller, clean it thoroughly with the swab from the Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362). In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.



6. Use the swab to remove excess adhesive from the tear-off/peel-off bar. Allow the solvent to evaporate.



Important • Apply minimum force when cleaning the tear-off/peel-off bar. Excessive force can cause the tear-off/peel-off bar to bend, which could have a negative effect on peel performance.

7. Reload the media liner through the peel mechanism. For instructions, see *Final Steps for Peel-Off Mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)* on page 42.



 Caution • Use the peel release lever and your right hand to close the peel assembly. Do not use your left hand to assist in closing. The top edge of the peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.

Close the peel assembly using the peel-off mechanism release lever.



9. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) downward until it locks the printhead in place.



10. Close the media door.



The printer is ready to operate.

11. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.

The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.

Clean the Cutter Module

If the cutter is not cutting the labels cleanly or if it jams with labels, clean the cutter.



Caution • For personnel safety, always power off and unplug the printer before performing this procedure.

To clean the cutter module, complete these steps:

- **1.** Turn the printer off (**O**), and unplug the printer from its power source.
- **2.** Raise the media door.



- **3.** Remove media that is loaded through the cutter module.
- 4. Loosen and remove the thumbscrew and lock washer on the cutter shield.





5. Caution • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

Remove the cutter shield.



6. If necessary, rotate the cutter motor thumbscrew to fully expose the V-shaped cutter blade (1).



7. Using the swab from the Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362), wipe along the upper cutting surface (1) and the cutter blade (2). In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.





8. Caution • The cutter blade is sharp. For operator safety, replace the cutter shield.

Replace the cutter shield (1) and secure it with the thumbscrew and lock washer that you removed earlier (2).





9. Close the media door.



- Plug the printer into its power source, and then turn on (I) the printer. The cutter blade returns to its operating position.
- **11.** If the cutter continues to perform unsatisfactorily, contact an authorized service technician.

Replacing Printer Components

Some printer components, such as the printhead and platen roller, may wear out over time and can be replaced easily. Regular cleaning may extend the life of some of these components. See Table 1 on page 130 for the recommended cleaning intervals.

Ordering Replacement Parts

For optimal printing quality and proper printer performance across our product line, Zebra strongly recommends the use of genuine Zebra[™] supplies as part of the total solution. Specifically, the ZT400 Series printers are designed to work only with genuine Zebra[™] printheads, thus maximizing safety and print quality.

Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for part ordering information.

Recycling Printer Components



The majority of this printer's components are recyclable. The printer's main logic board may include a battery that you should dispose of properly.

Do not dispose of any printer components in unsorted municipal waste. Please dispose of the battery according to your local regulations, and recycle the other printer components according to your local standards. For more information, see http://www.zebra.com/environment.

Lubrication

No lubrication is needed for this printer.

Caution • Some commercially available lubricants will damage the finish and the mechanical parts if used on this printer.
Troubleshooting

This section provides information about errors that you might need to troubleshoot. Assorted diagnostic tests are included.

Contents

Meaning of Indicator Lights 14
Printing Issues
Ribbon Problems
RFID Problems
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Communications Problems 15
Miscellaneous Issues 16
Printer Diagnostics
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CANCEL Self Test 16
PAUSE Self Test
FEED Self Test
FEED + PAUSE Self Test 16
CANCEL + PAUSE Self Test 16
Communication Diagnostics Test 16
Sensor Profile

Meaning of Indicator Lights

The indicator lights on the control panel show the current status of the printer (Table 1).

		, ,
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady green (other lights steady yellow for 2 seconds during printer power-up) The printer is ready.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	PAUSE light steady yellow. The printer is paused.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady red SUPPLIES light steady red The media supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady red SUPPLIES light flashing red The ribbon supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow The printer is in Direct Thermal mode, which does not require ribbon; however, ribbon is installed in the printer.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow The printhead is open. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	STATUS light steady yellow The printhead is over temperature. Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	 STATUS light flashing yellow This indicator light flashing indicates one of the following: The printhead is under temperature. The power supply is over temperature. The main logic board (MLB) is over temperature.
STATUS PAUSE	DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	 STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady red DATA light steady red The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra[™] printhead. Install a genuine Zebra[™] printhead to continue.

Table 1 • Status of Printer As Shown by Indicator Lights

SI/				_	STATUS light flashing red
	, 11		Ó ///		The printer is unable to read the dpi setting of the
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	S NETWORK	printhead.
Printers	with a Z	ZebraN	et wired	Ethernet o	ption
	11		a "		NETWORK light off
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	No Ethernet link is available.
	11			..	NETWORK light steady green
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA		NETWORK	A 100 Base link was found.
314103	TAUSE	DAIA	3011 LIL3		
			Ó ///	.	NETWORK light steady yellow A 10 Base link was found.
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	A TO base link was found.
			á "	.	NETWORK light steady red
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA		NETWORK	An Ethernet error condition exists. The printer is not
UIAIUU	TAUGE	DAIA	JULI LILU	NETWORK	connected to your network.
Printers	with a 2	ZebraN	et wirele:	ss option	
	11	F A		<u>_</u>	NETWORK light off
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES		A radio was found during power-up. The printer is
STATUS	PAUSE	↓ CMATA ↓	SUPPLIES		attempting to associate with the network. The light flashes red while the printer associates with the network. The light then flashes yellow while the printer is authenticating with the network.
	DALIOS				
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	
			0///	.	<i>NETWORK light steady green</i> The radio is associated with your network and
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	authenticated, and the WLAN signal is strong.
				シーン	NETWORK light flashing green
					WLAN—The radio is associated with your network and authenticated, but the WLAN signal is weak.
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	
			0///	.	NETWORK light steady red
STATUS	PAUSE	DATA	SUPPLIES	NETWORK	A WLAN error condition exists. The printer is not connected to your network.

Printing Issues

Table 2 identifies possible issues with printing or print quality, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
General print quality issues	The printer is set at the incorrect print speed.	For optimal print quality, set the print speed to the lowest possible setting for your application via control panel, the driver, or the software. You may want to perform the <i>FEED Self Test</i> on page 165 to determine the optimal settings for your printer. See <i>Print Speed</i> on page 67 for how to change the print speed.	
	You are using an incorrect combination of labels and ribbon for your application.	 Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice. 	
	The printer is set at an incorrect darkness level.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the <i>FEED Self Test</i> on page 165 to determine the ideal darkness setting. See <i>Print Darkness</i> on page 67 for how to change the darkness setting.	
	The printhead is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132.	
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <i>Adjust the</i> <i>Printhead Pressure</i> on page 124.	
Loss of printing registration on labels.	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132.	
Excessive vertical drift in top-of-form registration.	Media guides are positioned improperly.	Ensure that the media guides are properly positioned. See <i>Load the Media</i> on page 34.	
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <i>Media Type</i> on page 67.	
	The media is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly. See <i>Load the Media</i> on page 34.	
Long tracks of missing print on	Print element damaged.	Call a service technician.	
several labels	Wrinkled ribbon.	See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in <i>Ribbon Problems</i> on page 151.	

Table 2 • Printing Issues

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
Fine, angular grayWrinkled ribbon.lines on blank labels		See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in <i>Ribbon Problems</i> on page 151.	
Printing too light or too dark over the entire label	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation.	
	You are using an incorrect combination of media and	1. Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination.	
	ribbon for your application.	2. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice.	
	You are using ribbon with direct thermal media.	Direct thermal media does not require ribbon. To determine if you are using direct thermal media, perform the label scratch test in <i>When to Use Ribbon</i> on page 18.	
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <i>Adjust the</i> <i>Printhead Pressure</i> on page 124.	
Smudge marks on labels	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation.	
Misregistration/skips labels	The printer is not calibrated.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon</i> and Media Sensors on page 119.	
	Improper label format.	Check your label format and correct it as necessary.	
Misregistration and misprint of one to	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132.	
three labels	Media does not meet specifications.	Use media that meets specifications. See <i>Media Specifications</i> on page 176.	
Vertical drift in top-of-form position	The printer is out of calibration.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119.	
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132.	

Table 2 • Printing Issues (Continued)

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
Vertical image or label drift	The printer is using non-continuous labels but is configured in continuous mode.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark—see <i>Media</i> <i>Type</i> on page 67) and calibrate the printer, if necessary (see <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media</i> <i>Sensors</i> on page 119).	
	The media sensor is calibrated improperly.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119.	
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132.	
	Improper printhead pressure settings (toggles).	Adjust the printhead pressure to ensure proper functionality. See <i>Adjust the Printhead Pressure</i> on page 124.	
	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60 and <i>Load the Media</i> on page 34.	
	Incompatible media.	You must use media that meets the printer specifications. Ensure that the interlabel gaps or notches are 2 to 4 mm and consistently placed (see <i>Media Specifications</i> on page 176).	
The bar code printed on a label does not scan.	The bar code is not within specifications because the print is too light or too dark.	Perform the <i>FEED Self Test</i> on page 165. Adjust the darkness or print speed settings as necessary.	
	There is not enough blank space around the bar code.	Leave at least 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) between the bar code and other printed areas on the label and between the bar code and the edge of the label.	
Auto Calibrate failed.	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60 and <i>Load the Media</i> on page 34.	
	The sensors could not detect the media or ribbon.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119.	
	The sensors are dirty or positioned improperly.	Ensure that the sensors are clean and properly positioned.	
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <i>Media Type</i> on page 67.	

Table 2 • Printing Issues (Continued)

Ribbon Problems

Table 3 identifies problems that may occur with ribbon, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution		
Broken or melted ribbon	Darkness setting too high.	 Reduce the darkness setting. See <i>Print</i> <i>Darkness</i> on page 67 for how to change the darkness setting. Clean the printhead thoroughly. See <i>Clean</i> <i>the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 132. 		
	The ribbon is coated on the wrong side and cannot be used in this printer.	Replace the ribbon with one coated on the correct side. For more information, see <i>Coated Side of Ribbon</i> on page 18.		
Wrinkled ribbon	Ribbon was loaded incorrectly.	Load the ribbon correctly. See <i>Load the Ribbon</i> on page 60.		
	Incorrect burn temperature.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the <i>FEED Self Test</i> on page 165 to determine the ideal darkness setting. See <i>Print Darkness</i> on page 67 for how to		
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	change the darkness setting. Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <i>Adjust the</i> <i>Printhead Pressure</i> on page 124.		
	Media not feeding properly; "walking" from side to side.	Make sure that media is snug by adjusting the media guide, or call a service technician.		
	The printhead or platen roller may be installed incorrectly.	Call a service technician.		
The printer does not detect when the ribbon runs out.	The printer may have been calibrated without ribbon. Later, ribbon was inserted	Calibrate the printer, this time using ribbon, or load printer defaults. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon</i> <i>and Media Sensors</i> on page 119 or <i>Load</i>		
In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.	without the user recalibrating the printer or loading printer defaults.	<i>Defaults</i> on page 74.		
The printer indicates that ribbon is out, even though ribbon is loaded correctly.The printer was not calibrated for the label and ribbon being used.		Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon</i> and Media Sensors on page 119.		

Table 3 • Ribbon Problems

RFID Problems

Table 4 identifies problems that may occur with RFID printers, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions. For more information about RFID, refer to the *RFID Programming Guide 3*. A copy of the manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals or on the user CD that came with your printer.

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
The RFID-enabled printer voids every	The printer is not calibrated for the media being used.	Manually calibrate the printer (see <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119).
label.	You are using an RFID label with a tag type that is not supported by your printer.	The ZT400 series printers support only Gen 2 RFID labels. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> , or contact an authorized Zebra RFID reseller.
	The printer is unable to communicate with the RFID reader.	 Turn off (O) the printer. Wait 10 seconds. Turn on (I) the printer. If the problem persists, you may have a bad RFID reader or a loose connection between the RFID reader and the printer. Contact Technical Support or an authorized Zebra RFID service technician for assistance.
	Radio frequency (RF) interference from another RF source.	 Do one or more of the following as necessary: Move the printer away from fixed RFID readers or other RF sources. Make sure that the media door is closed at all times during RFID programming.
	The settings are incorrect in your label designer software.	The software settings override the printer settings. Make sure that the software and printer settings match.
	You are using an incorrect programming position, particularly if the tags being used are within printer specifications.	 Do one or more of the following as necessary: Check the RFID programming position , or the program position setting in your label designer software. If the position is incorrect, change the setting. Restore the RFID programming position back to the default value. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID</i> <i>Programming Guide 3</i>. For transponder placement details, go to http://www.zebra.com/transponders.
	You are sending RFID ZPL or SGD commands that are incorrect.	Check your label formats. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> .

Table 4 • RFID Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
Low yields. Too many RFID tags per roll are voided.	The RFID labels are not within specifications for the printer, which means that the transponder is not in an area that can be programmed consistently.	Make sure that the labels meet transponder placement specifications for your printer. See http://www.zebra.com/transponders for transponder placement information. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID</i> <i>Programming Guide 3</i> , or contact an authorized Zebra RFID reseller.
	Incorrect read and write power levels for the RFID tag type.	Change the RFID read and write power levels. For instructions, refer to the <i>RFID Programming</i> <i>Guide 3</i> .
	Radio frequency (RF) interference from another RF source.	 Do one or more of the following as necessary: Move the printer away from fixed RFID readers. Make sure that the media door is closed at all times during RFID programming.
	The printer is using outdated printer firmware and reader firmware versions.	Go to http://www.zebra.com/firmware for updated firmware.
The printer stops at the RFID inlay.	The printer calibrated the label length only to the RFID inlay instead of to the interlabel gap.	 Select FEED for the MEDIA POWER UP and HEAD CLOSE parameters (see <i>Power-Up</i> <i>Action</i> on page 72 or <i>Head-Close Action</i> on page 73). Manually calibrate the printer (see <i>Calibrate</i> <i>the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 119).
The DATA light flashes indefinitely after you attempt to download printer or reader firmware.	The download was not successful. For best results, cycle power on the printer before downloading any firmware.	 Turn off (O) the printer. Wait 10 seconds. Turn on (I) the printer. Attempt to download the firmware again. If the problem persists, contact Technical Support.

Table 4 •	RFID	Problems	(Continued)
			(

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
RFID parameters do not appear in Setup mode, and RFID information does not appear on the printer configuration label. The printer does not void RFID labels that		 Wait at least 10 seconds after turning the printer power off before turning it back on. 1. Turn off (O) the printer. 2. Wait 10 seconds. 3. Turn on (I) the printer. 4. Check for the RFID parameters in Setup mode or for RFID information on a new configuration label.
are not programmed correctly. An incorrect version of printer or reader firmware was loaded on the printer.		 Verify that the correct firmware version is loaded on your printer. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i>. Download the correct printer or reader firmware if necessary. If the problem persists, contact Technical Support.
	The printer is unable to communicate with the RFID subsystem.	 Turn off (O) the printer. Wait 10 seconds. Turn on (I) the printer. If the problem persists, you may have a bad RFID reader or a loose connection between the RFID reader and the printer. Contact Technical Support or an authorized service technician for assistance.

Table 4 • RFID Problems (Continued)

Error Messages

The control panel displays messages when there is an error. See Table 5 for errors, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

QuickHelp Pages Most error messages will include the option to view a QuickHelp page. The lower right-hand corner of the message displays "QR."

To access a QuickHelp page from an error message, do the following:

1. Press RIGHT SELECT to select QR.

The printer displays a QuickHelp page specific to that error message. This page includes a QR code.

2. Scan the QR code with a smartphone.

Your phone accesses either a video specific to that error message or the Zebra support page for your printer.

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
HEAD OPEN CLOSE HEAD	The printhead is not fully closed.	Close the printhead completely.
STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow	The printhead open sensor is not working properly.	Call a service technician to replace the sensor.
MEDIA OUT LOAD MEDIA	The media is not loaded or is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly. See <i>Load the Media</i> on page 34.
STATUS light steady red	Misaligned media sensor.	Check the position of the media sensor.
SUPPLIES light steady red	The printer is set for noncontinuous media, but continuous media is loaded.	 Install the proper media type, or reset printer for the current media type. Calibrate the printer. See <i>Media and Ribbon Sensor</i> <i>Calibration</i> on page 75.
WARNING RIBBON IN STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow	Ribbon is loaded, but the printer is set for direct thermal mode.	Ribbon is not required with direct thermal media. If you are using direct thermal media, remove the ribbon. This error message will not affect printing.
		If you are using thermal transfer media, which requires ribbon, set the printer for Thermal Transfer mode. See <i>Print Method</i> on page 68.

Table 5 • Error Messages

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
ALERT RIBBON OUT STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow	 In thermal transfer mode: ribbon is not loaded ribbon is loaded incorrectly the ribbon sensor is not detecting ribbon media is blocking the ribbon sensor 	 Load ribbon correctly. See Load the Ribbon on page 60. Calibrate the printer. See Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 75. 	
	In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.	 Print a sensor profile (see <i>Print Information</i> on page 71). The ribbon out threshold (2) is likely too high, above the line that indicates where the ribbon is detected (1). 100 80 80	
	If you are using direct thermal media, the printer is waiting for ribbon to be loaded because it is incorrectly set for thermal transfer mode.	Set the printer for Direct Thermal mode. See <i>Print</i> <i>Method</i> on page 68.	
PH NOT AUTHENTICATED REPLACE PRINTHEAD STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady red DATA light steady red	The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra [™] printhead.	Install a genuine Zebra™ printhead.	

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
PRINT HEAD OVERTEMP PRINTING HALTED	Caution • The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.		
STATUS light steady yellow	The printhead is over temperature.	Allow the printer to cool. Printing automatically resumes when the printhead elements cool to an acceptable operating temperature.	
		If this error persists, consider changing where the printer is located or using a slower print speed.	
HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED	power cable can caus	erly connected printhead data or se these error messages. The enough to cause severe burns. o cool.	
STATUS light steady yellow	The printhead data cable is not properly connected.	Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.	
The printer shows one of these messages or cycles between them.	The printhead has a faulty thermistor.	Call a service technician to replace the printhead.	
HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED	Caution • An improperly connected printhead da power cable can cause this error message. The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe bu Allow the printhead to cool.		
	The printhead temperature is approaching its lower operating limit.	Continue printing while the printhead reaches the correct operating temperature. If the error remains, the environment may be too cold for proper printing. Relocate the printer to a warmer area.	
	The printhead data cable is not properly connected.	Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.	
	The printhead has a faulty thermistor.	Call a service technician to replace the printhead.	

Table 5 • Error Messages (Continued)

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
CUT ERROR	Caution • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.	
STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow	The cutter blade is in the media path.	Turn off the printer power and unplug the printer. Inspect the cutter module for debris and clean as needed following the cleaning instructions in <i>Clean</i> <i>the Cutter Module</i> on page 140.
OUT OF MEMORY STORING GRAPHIC OUT OF MEMORY STORING FORMAT	There is not enough memory to perform the function specified on the second line of the error message.	Free up some of the printer's memory by adjusting the label format or printer parameters. One way to free up memory is to adjust the print width to the actual width of the label instead of leaving the print width set to the default. See
OUT OF MEMORY STORING BITMAP		<i>Print Width</i> on page 69. Ensure that the data is not directed to a device that is not installed or is unavailable.
STORING FONT		If the problem persists, call a service technician.

Table 5 • Error Messages (Continued)

Communications Problems

Table 6 identifies problems with communications, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
A label format was sent to the printer but was not	The communication parameters are incorrect.	Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable).
recognized. The DATA light does not flash.		If you are using serial communication, check the serial port settings. See <i>PORTS Menu</i> on page 115.
		If you are using serial communication, make sure that you are using a null modem cable or a null modem adapter.
		Check the printer's handshake protocol setting. The setting used must match the one being used by the host computer. See <i>Host</i> <i>Handshake</i> on page 88.
		If a driver is used, check the driver communication settings for your connection.
A label format was sent to	The serial communication	Ensure that the flow control settings match.
the printer. Several labels print, then the printer sking misplaces misses or	settings are incorrect.	Check the communication cable length. See Table 2 on page 25 for requirements.
skips, misplaces, misses, or distorts the image on the label.		Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable).
A label format was sent to the printer but was not recognized. The DATA light flashes but no	The prefix and delimiter characters set in the printer do not match the ones in the label format.	Verify the prefix and delimiter characters. See <i>Command Character</i> on page 84 and <i>Delimiter</i> <i>Character</i> on page 84.
printing occurs.	Incorrect data is being sent to the printer.	Check the communication settings on the computer. Ensure that they match the printer settings.
		If the problem continues, check the label format.

Table 6 • Communications Problems

Miscellaneous Issues

Table 7 identifies miscellaneous issues with the printer, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution	
The control panel display shows a language that I cannot read	The language parameter was changed through the control panel or a firmware command.	 On the control panel display, scroll to LANGUAGE Menu. Press OK to access the items in this menu. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to scroll through the language selections. The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read. Select the language that you want to display. 	
The display is missing characters or parts of characters	The display may need replacing.	Call a service technician.	
Changes in parameter settings did not take effect	Some parameters are set incorrectly.	 Check the parameters and change or reset if necessary. Turn the printer off (O) and then on (I). 	
	A firmware command turned off the ability to change the parameter.	Refer to the <i>Programming Guide for ZPL, ZBI, Set-Get-Do, Mirror, and WML</i> or call a service technician.	
	A firmware command changed the parameter back to the previous setting.		
	If the problem persists, there may be a problem with the main logic board.	Call a service technician.	
Non-continuous labels are being	The printer was not calibrated for the media being used.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon</i> <i>and Media Sensors</i> on page 119.	
treated as continuous labels.	The printer is configured for continuous media.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <i>Media Type</i> on page 67.	
All indicator lights are on, nothing is on the display (if the printer has a display), and the printer locks up.	Internal electronic or firmware failure.	Call a service technician.	
The printer locks up while running the Power-On Self Test.	Main logic board failure.	Call a service technician.	

Table 7 • Miscellaneous Printer Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
The printer is not acknowledging a USB device or is not	The printer currently supports USB drives only up to 1 TB in size.	Use a USB drive that is 1 TB or smaller.
reading the files on a USB device that is plugged into the USB host port.	The USB drive may require its own external power.	If your USB drive requires external power, make sure that it is plugged into a working power supply.

Table 7 • Miscellaneous Printer Problems (Continued)

Printer Diagnostics

Self tests and other diagnostics provide specific information about the condition of the printer. The self tests produce sample printouts and provide specific information that helps determine the operating conditions for the printer.



Important • Use full-width media when performing self tests. If your media is not wide enough, the test labels may print on the platen roller. To prevent this from happening, check the print width, and ensure that the width is correct for the media that you are using.

Each self test is enabled by pressing a specific control panel key or combination of keys while turning on (I) the printer power. Keep the key(s) pressed until the first indicator light turns off. The selected self test automatically starts at the end of the Power-On Self Test.



Note •

- When performing these self tests, do not send data to the printer from the host.
- If your media is shorter than the label to be printed, the test label continues on the next label.
- When canceling a self test prior to its actual completion, always reset the printer by turning it off (**O**) and then on (**I**).

Power-On Self Test

A Power-On Self Test (POST) is performed each time the printer is turned on (I). During this test, the control panel lights (LEDs) turn on and off to ensure proper operation. At the end of this self test, only the STATUS LED remains lit. When the Power-On Self Test is complete, the media is advanced to the proper position.

To initiate the Power-On Self Test, complete these steps:

1. Turn on (I) the printer.

The POWER LED illuminates. The other control panel LEDs and the LCD monitor the progress and indicate the results of the individual tests. All messages during the POST display in English; however, if the test fails, the resulting messages cycle through the international languages as well.

CANCEL Self Test

The CANCEL self test prints a printer configuration label and a network configuration label. For other ways to print these labels, see *Print Information* on page 71.

To perform the CANCEL Self Test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Turn off (**O**) the printer.
- **2.** Press and hold CANCEL while turning on (I) the printer. Hold CANCEL until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer prints a printer configuration label (Figure 1) and then a network configuration label (Figure 2).

Figure 1 • Sample Printer Configuration Label

Figure 2 • Sample Network Configuration Label

Network Confi	iguration
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT410-203dpi ZPL XXXXXX-XX-XXXX	-
PrintServer INTERNAL WIRED	LOAD LAN FROM? ACTIVE PRINTSRVR
Wired# ALL. 010.003.004.072 055.255.255.000 010.003.004.001. VE. 000.003.001.098. YE. 000. 000. 9100. 9200.	IP PROTOCOL IP ADDRESS SUBNET GATEWAY WINS SERVER IP TIMEOUT CHECKING TIMEOUT VALUE ARP INTERVAL BASE RAW PORT JSON CONFIG PORT
<pre>Wireless ALL. 000.000.000.000.000. 000.000.000.000</pre>	
Bluetooth 4.2.0. 04/20/2012 on. 2.1	FIRMWARE DATE DISCOVERABLE RADIO VERSION
on AC:3F:A4:12:0F:20. XXXXXX-XX-XXX No 1 nc	ENABLED MAC ADDRESS FRIENDLY NAME CONNECTED MIN SECURITY MODE CONN SECURITY MODE
FIRMWARE IN THIS PR	INTER IS COPYRIGHTED

PAUSE Self Test

This self test can be used to provide the test labels required when making adjustments to the printer's mechanical assemblies or to determine if any printhead elements are not working. Figure 3 shows a sample printout.

To perform a PAUSE self test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Turn off (**O**) the printer.
- **2.** Press and hold PAUSE while turning on (I) the printer. Hold PAUSE until the first control panel light turns off.
 - The initial self test prints 15 labels at the printer's slowest speed, and then automatically pauses the printer. Each time PAUSE is pressed, an additional 15 labels print. Figure 3 shows a sample of the labels.



Figure 3 • PAUSE Test Label

- While the printer is paused, pressing CANCEL alters the self test. Each time PAUSE is pressed, 15 labels print at 6 in. (152 mm) per second.
- While the printer is paused, pressing CANCEL again alters the self test a second time. Each time PAUSE is pressed, 50 labels print at the printer's slowest speed
- While the printer is paused, pressing CANCEL again alters the self test a third time. Each time PAUSE is pressed, 50 labels print at 6 in. (152 mm) per second.
- While the printer is paused, pressing CANCEL again alters the self test a fourth time. Each time PAUSE is pressed, 15 labels print at the printer's maximum speed.
- 3. To exit this self test at any time, press and hold CANCEL.

FEED Self Test

Different types of media may require different darkness settings. This section contains a simple but effective method for determining the ideal darkness for printing bar codes that are within specifications.

During the FEED self test, labels are printed at different darkness settings at two different print speeds. The relative darkness and the print speed are printed on each label. The bar codes on these labels may be ANSI-graded to check print quality.

During this test, one set of labels is printed at 2 ips, and another set is printed at 6 ips. The darkness value starts at three settings lower than the printer's current darkness value (relative darkness of -3) and increase until the darkness is three settings higher than the current darkness value (relative darkness of +3).

To perform a FEED self test, complete these steps:

- 1. Print a configuration label to show the printer's current settings.
- **2.** Turn off (**O**) the printer.
- **3.** Press and hold FEED while turning on (I) the printer. Hold FEED until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer prints a series of labels (Figure 4) at various speeds and at darkness settings higher and lower than the darkness value shown on the configuration label.



Figure 4 • FEED Test Label

4. See Figure 5 and Table 8. Inspect the test labels and determine which one has the best print quality for your application. If you have a bar code verifier, use it to measure bars/spaces and calculate the print contrast. If you do not have a bar code verifier, use your eyes or the system scanner to choose the optimal darkness setting based on the labels printed in this self test.



Figure 5 • Bar Code Darkness Comparison

Print Quality	Description	
Too dark	Labels that are too dark are fairly obvious. They may be readable but not "in-spec."	
	 The normal bar code bars increase in size. The openings in small alphanumeric characters may fill in with ink. Rotated bar code bars and spaces run together. 	
Slightly dark	 Slightly dark labels are not as obvious. The normal bar code will be "in-spec." Small character alpha numerics will be bold and could be slightly filled in. The rotated bar code spaces are small when compared to the "in-spec" code, possibly making the code unreadable. 	

Print Quality	Description		
"In-spec"	The "in-spec" bar code can only be confirmed by a verifier, but it should exhibit some visible characteristics.		
	 The normal bar code will have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces. The rotated bar code will have complete, even bars and 		
	 The totated bar code with have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces. Although it may not look as good a a slightly dark bar code, the bar code will be "in-spec." In both normal and rotated styles, small alphanumeric characters look complete. 		
Slightly light	Slightly light labels are, in some cases, preferred to slightly dark ones for "in-spec" bar codes.		
	• Both normal and rotated bar codes will be in spec, but small alphanumeric characters may not be complete.		
Too light	Labels that are too light are obvious.		
	• Both normal and rotated bar codes have incomplete bars and spaces.		
	• Small alphanumeric characters are unreadable.		

- 5. Note the relative darkness value and the print speed printed on the best test label.
- **6.** Add or subtract the relative darkness value from the darkness value specified on the configuration label. The resulting numeric value is the best darkness value for that specific label/ribbon combination and print speed.
- 7. If necessary, change the darkness value to the darkness value on the best test label.
- 8. If necessary, change the print speed to the same speed as on the best test label.

FEED + PAUSE Self Test

Performing this self test resets the printer configuration to the factory default values. Perform a sensor calibration after this self test. (See *Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors* on page 119.)

To perform a FEED and PAUSE self test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Turn off (**O**) the printer.
- 2. Press and hold FEED + PAUSE while turning on (I) the printer.
- **3.** Hold FEED + PAUSE until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer configuration is reset to the factory default values. No labels print at the end of this test.

CANCEL + PAUSE Self Test

Performing this self test resets the network configuration to the factory default values.

To perform a CANCEL and PAUSE self test, complete these steps:

- **1.** Turn off (**O**) the printer.
- 2. Press and hold CANCEL + PAUSE while turning on (I) the printer.
- **3.** Hold CANCEL + PAUSE until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer's network configuration is reset to the factory default values. No labels print at the end of this test.

Communication Diagnostics Test

The communication diagnostics test is a troubleshooting tool for checking the interconnection between the printer and the host computer. When the printer is in diagnostics mode, it prints all data received from the host computer as straight ASCII characters with the hex values below the ASCII text. The printer prints all characters received, including control codes such as CR (carriage return). Figure 6 shows a typical test label from this test.



Note • The test label prints upside-down.



Figure 6 • Communications Diagnostics Test Label

To use communications diagnostics mode, complete these steps:

- 1. Set the print width equal to or less than the label width being used for the test. See *Print Width* on page 69 for more information.
- 2. Set the DIAGNOSTICS MODE option to ENABLED. For methods, see *Communication Diagnostics Mode* on page 75.

The printer enters diagnostics mode and prints any data received from the host computer on a test label

3. Check the test label for error codes. For any errors, check that your communication parameters are correct.

Errors show on the test label as follows:

- FE indicates a framing error.
- OE indicates an overrun error.
- PE indicates a parity error.
- NE indicates noise.
- **4.** Turn the printer off (**O**) and then back on (**I**) to exit this self test and return to normal operation.

Sensor Profile

Use the sensor profile image (which will extend across several actual labels or tags) to troubleshoot the following situations:

- The printer experiences difficulty in determining gaps (web) between labels.
- The printer incorrectly identifies preprinted areas on a label as gaps (web).
- The printer cannot detect ribbon.

With the printer in the Ready state, print a sensor profile in one of these ways:

Using the buttons on	Turn off (O) the printer.		
the control panel	Press and hold FEED + CANCEL while turning on (I) the		
	printer.		
	c. Hold FEED + CANCEL until the first control panel light turns off.		
Using ZPL	a. Send the $\sim JG$ command to the printer. See the Zebra		
	<i>Programming Guide</i> for more information about this		
	command.		
Using the control panel	Navigate to the following item under the SENSORS menu.		
display	See Navigating through Screens in the Display on page 90		
	for information about using the control panel and		
	accessing the menus.		
	PRINT INFORMATION		
	▼ SENSOR PROFILE ▲		
	RINT		
	b. Press RIGHT SELECT to select PRINT.		

Compare your results to the examples shown in this section. If the sensitivity of the sensors must be adjusted, calibrate the printer (see *Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors* on page 119).

Ribbon Sensor Profile (Figure 7) The line labeled RIBBON (1) on the sensor profile indicates the ribbon sensor readings. The ribbon sensor threshold setting is indicated by OUT (2). If the ribbon readings are below the threshold value, the printer does not acknowledge that ribbon is loaded.



Figure 7 • Sensor Profile (Ribbon Section)

Media Sensor Profile (Figure 8) The line labeled MEDIA (1) on the sensor profile indicates the media sensor readings. The media sensor threshold settings is indicated by WEB (2). The media out threshold is indicated by OUT (3). The downward spikes (4) indicate gaps between labels (the web), and the lines between the spikes (5) indicate where labels are located.

If you compare the sensor profile printout to a length of your media, the spikes should be the same distance apart as the gaps on the media. If the distances are not the same, the printer may be having difficulty determining where the gaps are located.







Specifications

This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.

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General Specifications

Model		ZT410™	ZT420 ™	
Height		12.8 in.(325 mm)	12.8 in. (325 mm)	
Width		10.7 in. (272 mm)	13.2 in. (335 mm)	
Depth		19.7 in. (500 mm)	19.7 in. (500 mm)	
Weight		36 lb (16 kg)	40 lb (18 kg)	
Electrical		90–265 VAC, 48-62 Hz	90–265 VAC, 48-62 Hz	
Power consumption Printing PAUSE test at slowest speed		118.7 W	220.0 W	
Power consumpt Printer idle	ion	12.0 W	12.0 W	
Fuses		5A	5A	
Temperature	Operating Storage	Thermal Transfer: 41° to 104°F (5° to 40°C) Direct Thermal: 32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C) -40° to 140°F (-40° to 60°C)		
Relative Humidity	Operating	20% to 85%, non-condensing		
Relative numberly	Storage	5% to 85%, non-condensing		
Communication Interfaces		 Standard Interfaces RS-232/CCITT V.24 serial data interface; 2400 to 115000 baud, parity, bits/character, 7 or 8 data bit, and XON-XOFF, RTS/CTS or DTR/DSR handshake protocol required. 750mA at 5 V from pins 1 and 9. USB 1.1 data interface USB host port 10/100 internal Ethernet Bluetooth version 2.1 Near Field Communication (NFC) 		
		 Wireless card support 802.11 b 2.4GHz DSSS (DBPSK, DQP RF power 10 mW (Ze 802.11 g 2.4GHz OFDM (16-QAM and 	ce; nibble mode compliant SK and CCK) ebraNet b/g Print Server) d 64-QAM with BPSK and QPSK) ebraNet b/g Print Server)	

Printing Specifications

Model		ZT410	ZT420	
Print resolution		203 dpi (dots/in.)/8 dots/mm	203 dpi (dots/in.)/8 dots/mm	
		300 dpi/12 dots/mm	300 dpi/12 dots/mm	
		600 dpi/24 dots/mm	N/A	
Dot size (nominal) (width x length)	203 dpi	0.0049 in. x 0.0049 in. (0.125 mm x 0.125 mm)	0.0049 in. x 0.0049 in. (0.125 mm x 0.125 mm)	
	300 dpi	0.0033 in. x 0.0039 in. (0.084 mm x 0.099 mm)	0.0033 in. x 0.0039 in. (0.084 mm x 0.099 mm)	
	600 dpi	0.0016 in. x 0.0016 in. (0.042 mm x 0.042 mm)	N/A	
Maximum print width	203 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	6.6 in. (168 mm)	
	300 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	6.6 in. (168 mm)	
	600 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	N/A	
Bar code modulus (X) dimensi	ion			
Picket fence (nonrotated)	203 dpi	4.9 mil to 49 mil	5 mil to 50 mil	
orientation	300 dpi	3.3 mil to 33 mil	3.3 mil to 33 mil	
	600 dpi	1.6 mil to 16 mil	N/A	
Ladder (rotated)	203 dpi	4.9 mil to 49 mil	5 mil to 50 mil	
orientation	300 dpi	3.9 mil to 39 mil	3.9 mil to 39 mil	
	600 dpi	1.6 mil to 16 mil	N/A	
Programmable constant print speeds	203 dpi	2.4 in. to 14 in. (61 mm to 356 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	2.4 in. to 12 in. (61 mm to 305 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	
	300 dpi	2.4 in. to 10 in. (61 mm to 254 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	2.4 in. to 10 in. (61 mm to 203 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	
	600 dpi	1.5 in. to 4 in. (38 mm to 102 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	N/A	

Media Specifications

Model			ZT410	ZT420
Label length	Minimum	Non-RFID		
		Tear-off	0.5 in. (12.7 mm)	0.5 in. (12.7 mm)
		Peel-off	0.5 in (12.7 mm)	0.5 in (12.7 mm)
		Rewind	0.5 in. (12.7 mm)	0.5 in. (12.7 mm)
		Cutter	1.0 in. (25.4 mm)	1.0 in. (25.4 mm)
		RFID	Varies for each transponder type	
	Maximum	200 or 300 dpi	39 in. (991 mm)	39 in. (991 mm)
		600 dpi	20 in. (508 mm)	N/A
Maximum continuous media print		200 dpi	157 in. (3988 mm)	102 in. (2590 mm)
length		300 dpi	73 in. (1854 mm)	45 in. (1143 mm)
		600 dpi	39 in. (991 mm)	N/A
Label width	Minimum	Non-RFID	1.0 in. (25.4 mm)	2 in. (51 mm)
		RFID	Varies for each transponder type	
	Maximum	Tear/Cutter	4.5 in. (114 mm)	7.0 in. (178 mm)
		Peel/Rewind	4.25 in. (108 mm)	6.75 in. (171 mm)
Total thickness (includes liner, if any)		Minimum	0.0023 in. (0.058 mm)	0.0023 in. (0.058 mm)
		Maximum	0.010 in. (0.25 mm)	
Maximum roll outside diameter			8 in. (203 mm) on a 3-in. (76-mm) inside diameter core	
Inter-label gap		Minimum	0.079 in. (2 mm)	
		Preferred	0.118 in. (3 mm)	
		Maximum	0.157 in. (4 mm)	
Ticket/tag notch size (width x length)			0.25 in. x 0.12 in. (6 mm x 3 mm)	
Hole diameter			0.125 in. (3.18 mm)	
	sition (centered from	Minimum	0.15 in. (3.8 mm)	
inner media edge)		Maximum	2.25 in. (57 mm)	3.5 in. (90 mm)
Density, in Optical Density Units (ODU) (black mark)		> 1.0 ODU		
Maximum media density			≤ 0.5 ODU	
Transmissive media sensor (fixed position)			7/16 in. (11 mm) from inside edge	

Ribbon Specifications

Model		ZT410	ZT420
Ribbon width*	Minimum	2 in.** (51 mm**)	
	Maximum	4.33 in. (110 mm)	
Maximum ribbon length		1476 ft (450 m)	1476 ft (450 m)
Ribbon core inside diameter		1 in. (25 mm)	

* Zebra recommends using ribbon that is at least as wide as the media to protect the printhead from wear.

** Depending on your application, you may be able to use ribbon narrower than 2 in. (51 mm), as long as the ribbon is wider than the media being used. To use a narrower ribbon, test the ribbon's performance with your media to assure that you get the desired results.



Glossary

alphanumeric Indicating letters, numerals, and characters such as punctuation marks.

backfeed When the printer pulls the media and ribbon (if used) backward into the printer so that the beginning of the label to be printed is properly positioned behind the printhead. Backfeed occurs when operating the printer in Tear-Off and Applicator modes.

bar code A code by which alphanumeric characters can be represented by a series of adjacent stripes of different widths. Many different code schemes exist, such as the universal product code (UPC) or Code 39.

black mark A registration mark found on the underside of the print media that acts as a startof-label indication for the printer. (See *non-continuous media*.)

calibration (of a printer) A process in which the printer determines some basic information needed to print accurately with a particular media and ribbon combination. To do this, the printer feeds some media and ribbon (if used) through the printer and senses whether to use the direct thermal or thermal transfer print method, and (if using non-continuous media) the length of individual labels or tags.

configuration The printer configuration is a group of operating parameters specific to the printer application. Some parameters are user selectable, while others are dependent on the installed options and mode of operation. Parameters may be switch selectable, control panel programmable, or downloaded as ZPL II commands. A configuration label listing all the current printer parameters may be printed for reference.

continuous media Label or tag-stock media that has no notch, gap, or web (media liner only) to separate the labels or tags. The media is one long piece of material.

core diameter The inside diameter of the cardboard core at the center of a roll of media or ribbon.

diagnostics Information about which printer functions are not working that is used for troubleshooting printer problems.

die-cut media A type of label stock that has individual labels stuck to a media liner. The labels may be either lined up against each other or separated by a small distance. Typically the material surrounding the labels has been removed. (See *non-continuous media*.)

direct thermal A printing method in which the printhead presses directly against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes a discoloration of the heat-sensitive coating on the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media moves past, an image is printed onto the media. No ribbon is used with this printing method. Contrast this with *thermal transfer*.

direct thermal media Media that is coated with a substance that reacts to the application of direct heat from the printhead to produce an image.

dynamic RAM The memory devices used to store the label formats in electronic form while they are being printed. The amount of DRAM memory available in the printer determines the maximum size and number of label formats that can be printed. This is volatile memory that loses the stored information when power is turned off.

fanfold media Media that comes folded in a rectangular stack. Contrast this with *roll media*.

firmware This is the term used to specify the printer's operating program. This program is downloaded to the printer from a host computer and stored in FLASH memory. Each time the printer power is turned on, this operating program starts. This program controls when to feed the media forward or backward and when to print a dot on the label stock.

FLASH memory FLASH memory is non-volatile and maintains the stored information intact when power is off. This memory area is used to store the printer's operating program. In addition, this memory can be used to store optional printer fonts, graphic formats, and complete label formats.

Font A complete set of alphanumeric characters in one style of type. Examples include CG TimesTM, CG Triumvirate Bold CondensedTM.

ips (inches-per-second) The speed at which the label or tag is printed. Many Zebra printers can print from 1 ips to 12 ips.

label An adhesive-backed piece of paper, plastic, or other material on which information is printed.

label backing (liner) The material on which labels are affixed during manufacture and which is discarded or recycled by the end-users.

light emitting diode (LED) Indicators of specific printer status conditions. Each LED is either off, on, or blinking depending on the feature being monitored.

liquid crystal display (LCD) The LCD is a back-lit display that provides the user with either operating status during normal operation or option menus when configuring the printer to a specific application.

media Material onto which data is printed by the printer. Types of media include: tag stock, die-cut labels, continuous labels (with and without media liner), non-continuous media, fanfold media, and roll media.
media sensor This sensor is located behind the printhead to detect the presence of media and, for non-continuous media, the position of the web, hole, or notch used to indicate the start of each label.

media supply hanger The stationary arm that supports the media roll.

non-continuous media Media that contains an indication of where one label/printed format ends and the next one begins. Examples are die-cut labels, notched tag-stock, and stock with black mark registration marks.

non-volatile memory Electronic memory that retains data even when the power to the printer is turned off.

notched media A type of tag stock containing a cutout area that can be sensed as a start-oflabel indicator by the printer. This is typically a heavier, cardboard-like material that is either cut or torn away from the next tag. (See *non-continuous media*.)

peel-off A mode of operation in which the printer peels a printed label away from the backing and allows the user to remove it before another label is printed. Printing pauses until the label is removed.

print speed The speed at which printing occurs. For thermal transfer printers, this speed is expressed in terms of ips (inches per second).

printhead wear The degradation of the surface of the printhead and/or the print elements over time. Heat and abrasion can cause printhead wear. Therefore, to maximize the life of the printhead, use the lowest print darkness setting (sometimes called burn temperature or head temperature) and the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality. In the thermal transfer printing method, use ribbon that is as wide or wider than the media to protect the printhead from the rough media surface.

registration Alignment of printing with respect to the top (vertical) or sides (horizontal) of a label or tag.

ribbon A band of material consisting of a base film coated with wax or resin "ink." The inked side of the material is pressed by the printhead against the media. The ribbon transfers ink onto the media when heated by the small elements within the printhead. Zebra ribbons have a coating on the back that protects the printhead from wear.

ribbon wrinkle A wrinkling of the ribbon caused by improper alignment or improper printhead pressure. This wrinkle can cause voids in the print and/or the used ribbon to rewind unevenly. This condition should be corrected by performing adjustment procedures.

roll media Media that comes supplied rolled onto a core (usually cardboard). Contrast this with *fanfold media*.

supplies A general term for media and ribbon.

symbology The term generally used when referring to a bar code.

tag A type of media having no adhesive backing but featuring a hole or notch by which the tag can be hung on something. Tags are usually made of cardboard or other durable material.

tear-off A mode of operation in which the user tears the label or tag stock away from the remaining media by hand.

thermal transfer A printing method in which the printhead presses an ink or resin coated ribbon against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes the ink or resin to transfer onto the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media and ribbon move past, an image is printed onto the media. Contrast this with *direct thermal*.

void A space on which printing should have occurred, but did not due to an error condition such as wrinkled ribbon or faulty print elements. A void can cause a printed bar code symbol to be read incorrectly or not at all.

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